



Hepatitis C Direct Acting Antivirals Prior Authorization with Quantity Limit Program Summary

POLICY REVIEW CYCLE

Effective Date
10/1/2023

Date of Origin

FDA APPROVED INDICATIONS AND DOSAGE

Agent(s)	FDA Indication(s)	Notes	Ref#
Epclusa® (sofosbuvir/ve lpatasvir) Oral tablet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Treatment of adult and pediatric patients 3 years of age and older with chronic hepatitis C genotype 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 infection: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis With decompensated cirrhosis in combination with ribavirin 		1
Harvoni® (ledipasvir/sof osbuvir) Oral tablet/Oral pellets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Treatment of chronic hepatitis C in adults and pediatric patients 3 years of age and older: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For patients with genotype 1, 4, 5, or 6 infection without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis For patients with genotype 1 infection with decompensated cirrhosis in combination with ribavirin For patients with genotype 1 or 4 infection who are liver transplant recipients without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis in combination with ribavirin 		2
Mavyret® (glecaprevir/p ibrentasvir) Oral tablet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Treatment of adult and pediatric patients 3 years and older with chronic hepatitis C who have: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Genotype 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 infection without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A) Genotype 1 infection who previously have been treated with a regimen containing an HCV NS5A inhibitor or an NS3/4A protease inhibitor, but not both 		3
Sovaldi® (sofosbuvir) Oral tablet/Oral pellets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Treatment of adult patients with chronic HCV genotype 1, 2, 3, or 4 infection without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis as a component of a combination antiviral treatment regimen Treatment of pediatric patients 3 years of age and older with genotype 2 or 3 chronic HCV infection without cirrhosis or in combination with ribavirin for patients with compensated cirrhosis 		4
Viekira Pak® (ombitasvir/p aripasvir/rit onavir co-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Treatment of adult patients with chronic hepatitis C virus who have: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Genotype 1b without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis 		5

Agent(s)	FDA Indication(s)	Notes	Ref#
packaged with dasavuvir) Oral tablet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Genotype 1a without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis used in combination with ribavirin 		
Vosevi® (sofosbuvir/ve lpatasvir/voxil aprevir) Oral tablet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Treatment of adult patients with HCV infection without cirrhosis or compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A) who have: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Genotype 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 infection and have previously been treated with an HCV regimen containing an NS5A inhibitor ○ Genotype 1a or 3 infection and have previously been treated with an HCV regimen containing sofosbuvir without an NS5A inhibitor 		6
Zepatier® (elbasvir/graz oprevir) Oral tablet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Treatment of chronic hepatitis C genotype 1 or 4 infection in adult and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older or weighing at least 30 kg. Zepatier is indicated for use with ribavirin in certain patient populations 		7

See package insert for FDA prescribing information: <https://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov/dailymed/index.cfm>

CLINICAL RATIONALE

Hepatitis C	<p>Hepatitis C is an infection of the liver caused by the Hepatitis C virus (HCV), a blood-borne virus. Today, most people become infected with HCV by sharing needles or other equipment to inject drugs. Hepatitis C infection can either be acute or chronic. Acute HCV infection is defined as presenting within 6 months following exposure to the virus. In 2018, the reported acute hepatitis C case count in the United States corresponded to a rate of 1.2 cases per 100,000 population, an over 71% increase from the reported incidence rate in 2014. The infection is defined as chronic if the virus is present beyond 6 months following exposure. More than 50% of people who become infected with HCV develop chronic infection. Chronic hepatitis C is a serious disease that can result in cirrhosis, liver cancer, and death.(9)</p> <p>The American Association for the Study of Liver diseases (AASLD) along with the Infectious Diseases society of America (IDSA) recommend the following:(8)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● One-time, routine, opt out HCV testing is recommended for all individuals aged 18 years and older ● One-time HCV testing should be performed for all persons less than 18 years old with activities, exposures, or conditions or circumstances associated with an increased risk of HCV infection ● Prenatal HCV testing as part of routine prenatal care is recommended with each pregnancy ● Periodic repeat HCV testing should be offered to all persons with activities, exposures, or conditions or circumstances associated with an increased risk of HCV exposure ● Annual HCV testing is recommended for all persons who inject drugs, for HIV-infected men who have unprotected sex with men, and men who have sex with men taking pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) <p>Risk activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Injection drug use (current or ever, including those who injected only once) ● Intranasal illicit drug use ● Use of glass crack pipes
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Male engagement in sex with men • Engagement in chem sex (defined as the intentional combining of sex with the use of particular nonprescription [illicit] drugs in order to facilitate or enhance the sexual encounter) <p>Risk exposures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Persons on long-term hemodialysis (ever) • Persons with percutaneous/parenteral exposures in an unregulated setting • Healthcare, emergency medical, and public safety workers after needlestick, sharps, or mucosal exposure to HCV-infected blood • Children born to HCV-infected women • Recipients of a prior transfusion or organ transplant, including persons who: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Were notified that they received blood from a donor who later tested positive for HCV ○ Received a transfusion of blood or blood components, or underwent an organ transplant before July 1992 ○ Received clotting factor concentrates produced before 1987 • Persons who were ever incarcerated <p>Other conditions and circumstances:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HIV infection or HBV infection • Sexually active persons about to start pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) for HIV • Chronic liver disease and/or chronic hepatitis, including unexplained elevated alanine aminotransferase (ALT) levels • Solid organ donors (living and deceased) and solid organ transplant recipients
<p>AASLD/IDSA guidelines on when and in whom to initiate HCV therapy</p>	<p>The goal of treatment of HCV-infected persons is to reduce all-cause mortality and liver-related health adverse consequences, including end-stage liver disease and hepatocellular carcinoma, by the achievement of virologic cure as evidenced by a sustained virologic response (SVR) (defined as the continued absence of detectable HCV RNA for at least 12 weeks after completion of therapy). According to the AASLD/IDSA guidelines, treatment is recommended for all patients with acute or chronic HCV infection, except those with short life expectancies that cannot be remediated by treating HCV, by transplantation, or by other directed therapy. Treatment should be initiated early because delaying therapy may decrease the benefits of SVR and increase the rates of liver-related mortality.(8)</p> <p>Although the prevalence of chronic HCV is lower in children than adults, an estimated 3.5-5 million children worldwide have chronic HCV infection. Data from the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) collected between 2003 and 2010 indicates that 0.2% of 6 to 11 year olds (31,000 children) and 0.4% of 12 to 19 year olds (101,000 adolescents) in the US are HCV antibody positive.(11)</p> <p>Birth to an HCV-infected mother is a known risk for infection and these children should be evaluated and tested for HCV. The rate of mother-to-child transmission (MTCT) of HCV infection is approximately 5%, although rates are higher among women with inadequately controlled HIV co-infection, and women with higher HCV-RNA levels, or viral loads (greater than 6 log IU/mL). Identifying, following, and treating exposed children is recommended. The basis for evaluation early in life is HCV-RNA testing, as maternal antibodies and consequently anti-HCV assay positivity may persist for 18 months. About 25% to 50% of infected infants spontaneously resolve HCV infection (loss of previously detectable HCV RNA) by 3 years of age. HCV RNA is more expensive than an antibody-based test; and there is no intervention or treatment that will occur prior to age 3 because of lack of approved drugs for this age group and to allow for possible spontaneous clearance.(11)</p>
<p>Simplified Treatment(12)</p>	<p>Direct-acting antiviral agents (DAAs) offer the potential for highly effective, interferon-free (and in many cases, ribavirin-free) regimens for the majority of hepatitis C virus</p>

infected patients. Regimen selection varies by genotype and other patient factors, such as the presence of cirrhosis and treatment history. Patients who are co-infected with HCV and either hepatitis B or HIV should be treated as those mono-infected with HCV.

The National Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medicine have proposed a strategy to reduce cases of chronic HCV infection by 90% by 2030. Data shows that HCV treatment can be effectively provided by a broad range of health care professionals with differing expertise – including specialists, primary care physicians, nurse practitioners, clinical pharmacy specialists, physician assistants, and registered nurses- without compromising treatment efficacy or safety. AASLD/IDSA has created simplified regimens to treat HCV in adults without cirrhosis or compensated cirrhosis who have not been previously treated for their infection to allow for the expansion of healthcare professionals who prescribe antiviral therapy and increase the number of persons treated. These simplified treatment algorithms are designed to be used by any health care provider knowledgeable about HCV disease and treatment, including those without extensive experience, who have timely access to a specialist. Any patients not included in the simplified treatment regimens should be seen by a specialist.

For patients without cirrhosis, the pretreatment evaluation should include:

- Calculate FIB-4 score
- Cirrhosis assessment (liver biopsy is not required – a patient is presumed to have cirrhosis if they have a FIB-4 score greater than 3.25 or any of the following findings from a previously performed test
 - Transient elastography indicating cirrhosis (e.g., FibroScan stiffness greater than 12.5 kPa)
 - Noninvasive serologic tests above proprietary cutoffs indicating cirrhosis (e.g., FibroSure, Enhanced Liver Fibrosis Test)
 - Clinical evidence of cirrhosis (e.g., liver nodularity and/or splenomegaly on imaging, platelet count less than 150,000/mm³)
 - Prior liver biopsy showing cirrhosis
- Medication reconciliation
- Potential drug-drug interactions assessment
- Patient education about proper administration of medications, adherence, and prevention of reinfection

Patients without cirrhosis who have any of the following are NOT eligible for simplified treatment:

- Prior hepatitis C treatment
- Cirrhosis (see simplified treatment for treatment-naive adults with compensated cirrhosis)
- Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive
- Current pregnancy
- Known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma
- Prior liver transplantation

The recommended treatment regimens are glecaprevir (300 mg)/pibrentasvir (120 mg) taken with food for 8 weeks or sofosbuvir (400 mg)/velpatasvir (100 mg) for a duration of 12 weeks.

For patients with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh class A), the pretreatment evaluation should include:

- Calculate FIB-4 score (liver biopsy not required)
- Calculate Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score
- Ultra-sound imaging of the liver within the prior 6 months to evaluate for hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) and sub clinical ascites
- Medication reconciliation

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potential drug-drug interaction assessment • Patient education about proper administration of medications, adherence, and prevention of reinfection • Pretreatment laboratory testing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Within 3 months of initiating treatment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Complete blood count (CBC) ▪ International normalized ratio (INR) ▪ Hepatic function panel (i.e., albumin, total and direct bilirubin, ALT, AST) ▪ Calculated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) ○ Any time prior to starting antiviral therapy: • Quantitative HCV RNA (HCV viral load) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ HIV antigen/antibody test ○ Hepatitis B surface antigen ○ HCV genotype (if treating with sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) • Before initiating antiviral therapy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Serum pregnancy testing and counseling about pregnancy risks of HCV medication should be offered to women of childbearing age <p>Patients with compensated cirrhosis who have any of the following are NOT eligible for simplified treatment:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 7) • Prior hepatitis C treatment • End-stage renal disease (i.e., eGFR less than 30 mL/min/m²) • HBsAg positive • Current pregnancy • Known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • Prior liver transplantation <p>The recommended regimens for genotype 1-6 are glecaprevir (300 mg)/pibrentasvir (120 mg) taken with food for 8 weeks or for genotypes 1, 2, 4, 5, or 6, sofosbuvir (400 mg)/velpatasvir (100 mg) for a duration of 12 weeks (note for sofosbuvir/velpatasvir: patients with genotype 3 require baseline NS5A resistance-associated substitution (RAS) testing. Those without Y93H can be treated with sofosbuvir/velpatasvir for a duration of 12 weeks).</p>
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Efficacy	<p>Epclusa(1)</p> <p>Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) contains a hepatitis C nucleotide analog NS5B polymerase inhibitor (sofosbuvir) and a hepatitis C virus NS5A inhibitor (velpatasvir). Efficacy of this combination agent was evaluated in five phase 3 trials (ASTRAL-1, ASTRAL-2, ASTRAL-3, ASTRAL-4, and ASTRAL-5). All these trials included patients who were either treatment naïve or had previously been treated with an interferon based regimen (peginterferon plus ribavirin with or without a protease inhibitor). The primary endpoint for these trials was sustained virologic response at 12 weeks (SVR12) following completion of therapy.</p> <p>ASTRAL-1 was a placebo controlled trial that enrolled patients with HCV infection genotype 1, 2, 4, 5, or 6. Overall, the SVR 12 rate was 99% in patients who received Epclusa and 0% in those receiving placebo (95% confidence interval, p less than 0.001).</p> <p>ASTRAL-2 and ASRTAL-3 were randomized, open label trials evaluating efficacy in patients with HCV genotype 2 or 3 respectively. Those with HCV genotype 2 received either Epclusa for 12 weeks or sofosbuvir plus ribavirin for 12 weeks. The SVR12 rates for the two treatment arms were 99% and 94% respectively. Subjects with HCV</p>
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genotype 3 were randomized to receive either Eplusa for 12 weeks or sofosbuvir plus ribavirin for 24 weeks. The SVR12 rates were 95% and 80% respectively.

ASTRAL-4 was an open label trial that evaluated efficacy of Eplusa in patients with decompensated cirrhosis. Patients were randomized to receive one of three treatment regimens: Eplusa for 12 weeks, Eplusa for 24 weeks, or Eplusa plus ribavirin for 12 weeks. SVR12 rates were 83%, 86%, and 94% respectively.

ASTRAL-5 was an open-label trial that evaluated 12 weeks of Eplusa in patients with genotype 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 hepatitis C infection who were coinfecting with HIV-1. The patients were all on antiretroviral therapy of various regimens. The primary endpoint was SVR12. The SVR12 ranged from 92-100% depending on genotype and in genotype 1 the subtype. No patient had HIV-1 rebound during treatment and CD4+ counts were stable during treatment.

Trial 4062 was an open-label clinical trial that evaluated 12 weeks of treatment with Eplusa in 59 HCV-infected adults with end stage renal disease (ESRD) requiring dialysis. The overall SVR rate was 95%. Of the subjects completing 12 weeks of Eplusa, 1 subject experienced virologic relapse.

The efficacy of Eplusa once daily for 12 weeks was evaluated in an open-label trial (Study 1143) in 173 genotype 1, 2, 3, 4, or 6 HCV treatment-naïve or treatment-experienced pediatric subjects 3 years of age and older without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis.

In patients 12 years to less than 18 years of age (genotypes 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6), the SVR rates were:

- 93% for genotype 1
- 100% for genotypes 2, 3, 4, and 6

In patients 6 years to less than 12 years of age (genotypes 1, 2, 3, and 4) the SVR rates were:

- 93% for genotype 1
- 91% for genotype 3
- 100% for genotypes 2 and 4

In patients 3 years to less than 6 years of age the SVR rates were:

- 83% among all subjects
- 88% for genotype 1
- 50% for genotype 2
- 100% for genotype 3 and 4

Trial 2104 was an open-label clinical trial that evaluated 12 weeks of treatment with Eplusa in 79 HCV-infected treatment-naïve and previously treated adult subjects who had undergone liver transplantation. The overall SVR12 rate was 96%.

Trial 4062 was an open-label clinical trial that evaluated 12 weeks of treatment with Eplusa in 59 HCV-infected adults with end stage renal disease (ESRD) requiring dialysis. The overall SVR rate was 95%.

Harvoni(2)

Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) is a combination of an NS5A inhibitor (ledipasvir) and nucleotide analog NS5B polymerase inhibitor (sofosbuvir). Its efficacy was evaluated in several phase 2 and 3 clinical trials. These trials enrolled a broad range of patient populations including treatment naïve and treatment experienced patients, those

without cirrhosis and with cirrhosis (compensated and decompensated), post-liver transplant patients, pediatric patients who were at least 3 years old or weighed more than 35 kg, as well as those with HIV/HCV co-infection. All the trials had a primary end point of sustained virologic response at 12 weeks (SVR12) following completion of treatment. Overall SVR12 was greater than 90% for the various patient populations. The treatment duration of this agent varies from 8 weeks to 24 weeks. Per the FDA labeling, treatment naïve patients with HCV genotype 1 with RNA of less than 6 million can be successfully treated with 8 weeks of Harvoni. This duration of treatment is not recommended in patients with cirrhosis, HIV, are post-liver transplantation, and/or black or African-American. Treatment experienced patients with cirrhosis may be treated with Harvoni alone for 24 weeks or in combination with ribavirin for 12 weeks. These two regimens are equally efficacious with SVR12 of 96% and 97% respectively.

Mavyret(3)

Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) is a combination of an NS3/4A protease inhibitor (glecaprevir) and an NS5A inhibitor (pibrentasvir). Its safety and efficacy have been demonstrated in treatment naïve patients or patients previously treated with regimens containing peginterferon, ribavirin, and/or sofosbuvir (PRS) with HCV genotype 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis. Its safety and efficacy has also been demonstrated in patients who have previously been treated with a regimen containing an NS5A inhibitor or an NS3/4A protease inhibitor but not both. Patients with prior treatment with both an NS5A inhibitor and NS3/4A inhibitor were at an increased risk of virologic failure when retreated with Mavyret.

The efficacy of Mavyret in treatment naïve or PRS treatment experienced adults with HCV genotype 1, 2, 4, 5, or 6 infection without cirrhosis was evaluated in the ENDURANCE-1, ENDURANCE-4, SURVEYOR-1 (part 2), and SURVEYOR-2 (part 2 and part 4) trials. The SVR12 ranged from 93% to 100% depending on genotype. The EDURANCE-1 trial demonstrated numerically similar efficacy in genotype 1 treatment naïve patients without cirrhosis treated for 8 weeks vs 12 weeks. The SURVEYOR-2 trial also demonstrated very high SVR12 for genotypes 2, 4, 5, or 6 after 8 weeks of treatment. Therefore, the recommended length of therapy for treatment naïve patients without cirrhosis is 8 weeks.

The efficacy of Mavyret in treatment naïve or PRS treatment experienced adults with HCV genotypes 1, 2, 4, 5, or 6 infection with compensated cirrhosis was evaluated in the EXPEDITION-1 trial. Patients received Mavyret for 12 weeks. The SVR12 was 99-100% depending on genotype.

The efficacy of Mavyret in treatment naïve or PRS treatment experienced adults with HCV genotype 3 infection without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis was evaluated in the ENDURANCE-3 and SURVEYOR-2 (part 3) trial. For patients without cirrhosis the SVR12 was numerically similar for patients without cirrhosis and the recommendation for these patients is to treat for 8 weeks. The overall SVR12 for all patients in these trials ranged from 94.9-98% depending on cirrhosis status and previous treatment.

The efficacy of Mavyret in treatment naïve and PRS treatment experienced adults with genotype 2, 4, 5, or 6 without cirrhosis was evaluated in the SURVEYOR-2 (part 2 and part 4), ENDURANCE-4, and SURVEYOR-1 (part 2) trials. SVR12 ranged from 93-100% depending on genotype.

The efficacy of Mavyret in treatment naïve or PRS treatment experienced adults with HCV genotype 1, 2, 4, 5, or 6 infection with compensated cirrhosis was evaluated in the EXPEDITION-1 trial. The SVR12 ranged from 99-100% depending on genotype.

The EXPEDITION-4 trial evaluated treatment naïve and PRS treatment experienced adults with chronic kidney disease stage 4 and 5 and chronic HCV infection without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis. The overall SVR12 was 98%.

The MAGELLAN-1 trial evaluated adults who were NS5A inhibitor or NS3/4A protease inhibitor experienced patients without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis. The SVR12 ranged from 92-94% depending on previous treatment.

The MAGELLAN-2 trial evaluated patients who were treatment-naïve or PRS treatment-experienced who have had a liver or kidney transplant. The overall SVR12 rate was 98%.

The efficacy of Mavyret was evaluated in an open-label study (DORA Part 1) that evaluated adolescent subjects 12 years to less than 18 years without cirrhosis who received Mavyret for 8 or 16 weeks. Treatment duration was chosen to match approved adult durations based on HCV genotype and prior treatment experience. The overall SVR12 rate was 100%.

DORA part 2 enrolled patients aged 3 years to less than 12 years and used weight-based dosing of Mavyret. The overall SVR12 rate for the subjects who received the recommended dosage was 98.4%.

Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)(4)

Sovaldi is a nucleotide analog NS5B polymerase inhibitor. It is indicated for use in combination with other DAAs including daclatasvir and simeprevir. It may also be used in combination with peg-interferon and ribavirin. To date, sofosbuvir is the only oral DAA indicated for treatment of patients with hepatocellular carcinoma secondary to chronic HCV infection.

The safety and efficacy of Sovaldi was evaluated in five Phase 3 trials in a total of 1724 HCV mono-infected subjects with genotypes 1 to 6 chronic hepatitis C virus, one Phase 3 trial in 223 HSC/HIV-1 coinfecting subjects with genotype 1, 2, or 3 HCV, and one trial in 106 pediatric subjects 3 years of age and older with genotype 2 or 3 HCV. The efficacy of Sovaldi (SVR12) is dependent on the combination regimen in which it is used, the patient's genotype, and patient's treatment history (range 82% - 100%).

The most common adverse events of sofosbuvir when used with ribavirin include fatigue headache and insomnia. Nausea, insomnia, and anemia were the most common adverse events when sofosbuvir was used in combination with ribavirin and peg-interferon.

Viekira Pak(5)

Viekira Pak (ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir co-packaged with dasabuvir) is a combination therapy containing a hepatitis C virus NS3/4A protease inhibitor (paritaprevir), a CYP3A inhibitor (ritonavir), a hepatitis C virus NS5A inhibitor (ombitasvir), and a hepatitis C NS5B polymerase inhibitor (dasabuvir). Safety and efficacy of this combination was evaluated in trials including treatment naïve, previous failures, cirrhotic and non-cirrhotic genotype 1 patients. The studies (SAPPHIRE-1, SAPPHIRE-II, PEARL-II, PEARL-III, PEARL-IV, TURQUOISE-II, AND TURQUOISE-III) all had a primary efficacy endpoint of SVR12.

Patients with genotype 1a infection without cirrhosis were evaluated in the SAPPHIRE-I, SAPPHIRE-II, and PEARL-IV trials. The SVR12 ranged from 95-97% depending on previous treatment.

Patients with genotype 1b infection without cirrhosis were evaluated in the PEARL-II and PEARL-III trials. SVR12 for both of these studies was 100%.

Patients with genotype 1a and genotype 1b infection with compensated cirrhosis were evaluated in the TURQUOISE-II and TURQUOISE-IV trials. The SVR12 ranged from 89-100% depending on genotype subtype and length of treatment.

Treatment guidelines recommend that patients that have failed a previous protease inhibitor containing regimen receive ledipasvir/sofosbuvir. Ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir + dasabuvir is not a recommended regimen in previous protease inhibitor failures due to risk of resistance.

Vosevi(6)

Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir) is a fixed-dose combination of a hepatitis C virus nucleotide analog NS5B polymerase inhibitor (sofosbuvir), an HCV NS5A inhibitor (velpatasvir), and an HCV NS3/4A protease inhibitor (voxilaprevir). Efficacy of this combination agent was evaluated in two phase 3 trials. The primary endpoint in both trials was SVR12.

The efficacy of Vosevi in patients with hepatitis C genotype 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 infection without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis who were treatment experienced with a NS5A inhibitor (POLARIS-1 trial). The SVR12 ranged from 91-100% depending on genotype.

The efficacy of Vosevi in patients with hepatitis C genotype 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 infection without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis who previously failed a hepatitis C direct acting antiviral (POLARIS-4 trial). The SVR12 ranged from 94-100% depending on genotype and in genotype 1, the subtype. Additional benefit of this combination agent over sofosbuvir/velpatasvir has not been shown in patients with genotype 1b, 2, 4, 5, or 6 infection who were previously treated with sofosbuvir without an NS5A inhibitor.

Zepatier(7)

Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir) is a combination regimen of an NS5A replication inhibitor (elbasvir) and an NS3/4A protease inhibitor (grazoprevir). Its efficacy was evaluated in several phase 2 and 3 clinical trials. All the trials had a primary end point of sustained virologic response at 12 weeks (SVR12) following completion of treatment.

Efficacy of Zepatier in treatment naïve patients with HCV genotype 1 with or without cirrhosis was evaluated in the C-EDGE TN and C-EDGE COINFECTION trials. Subjects in both trials received Zepatier for 12 weeks. SVR12 was 95% in both trials. There were no significant differences in SVR12 between cirrhotic and non-cirrhotic patients. The C-EDGE TE trial evaluated efficacy of this combination in treatment experienced HCV genotype 1 patients with or without cirrhosis who had previously failed peginterferon plus ribavirin. Subjects received Zepatier monotherapy for 12 weeks or Zepatier with ribavirin for 16 weeks. SVR12 rates in the two treatment groups were 94% and 97% respectively.

Efficacy in HCV genotype 1 patients with or without cirrhosis who had previously failed peginterferon, ribavirin, plus a protease inhibitor was evaluated in the C-SALVAGE trial. This was an open label, single arm trial. All subjects received Zepatier plus ribavirin for 12 weeks. Overall SVR12 was 96%.

Efficacy of Zepatier in patients with HCV genotype 1 with or without cirrhosis and who had Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) stage 4 (eGFR 15-29 mL/min/1.73 m²) or CKD Stage 5 (eGFR less than 15 mL/min/1.73 m²), including patients on hemodialysis was evaluated in the C-SURFER trial. Patients were randomized to receive either Zepatier for 12 weeks or placebo for 12 weeks followed by 12 weeks of Zepatier (deferred treatment group). Overall SVR12 was 99%. There were no significant differences with regard to safety in the Zepatier group versus placebo group.

These trials found that presence of NS5A amino acid polymorphisms in patients with HCV genotype 1a was associated with reduced efficacy of Zepatier regardless of treatment history or cirrhosis status. It is recommended to test for NS5A polymorphisms in HCV genotype 1a patients prior to starting treatment with this

	<p>combination. If the polymorphism is present, addition of ribavirin to the treatment regimen and extension of the duration of treatment to 16 weeks is recommended.</p> <p>Efficacy of Zepatier in HCV genotype 4 patients was evaluated in the C-SCAPE, C-EDGE TE, C-EDGE TN, and C-EDGE COINFECTION trials. Treatment naïve patients in these trials received Zepatier for 12 weeks while those who were treatment experienced received Zepatier plus ribavirin for 12 to 16 weeks. SVR12 in the treatment naïve and treatment experienced patients was 97% and 100% respectively.</p>
Safety(1-7)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) has the following contraindication(s): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Epclusa and ribavirin combination regimen is contraindicated in patients for whom ribavirin is contraindicated • Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) has the following contraindication(s): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ If used in combination with ribavirin, all contraindications to ribavirin also apply to Harvoni combination therapy • Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) has the following contraindication(s): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Patients with severe hepatic impairment (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B or C) or those with any history of prior hepatic decompensation ○ Coadministration with atazanavir or rifampin • Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) has the following contraindication(s): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ When used in combination with peginterferon alfa/ribavirin or ribavirin alone, all contraindications to peginterferon alfa and/or ribavirin also apply to Sovaldi combination therapy ○ Because ribavirin may cause birth defects and fetal death, Sovaldi in combination with peginterferon alfa and/or ribavirin is contraindicated in pregnant women and men whose female partners are pregnant • Viekira PAK (paritaprevir/ritonavir/ombitasvir + dasabuvir) has the following contraindication(s): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Patients with moderate to severe hepatic impairment [decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B or C)] ○ Known hypersensitivity to ritonavir (e.g., toxic epidermal necrolysis, Steven-Johnson syndrome) ○ Co-administration with drugs that are: highly dependent on CYP3A for clearance; moderate or strong inducers of CYP3A and strong inducers of CYP2C8; and strong inhibitors of CYP2C8 ○ If Viekira is administered with ribavirin, the contraindications to ribavirin also apply to this combination regimen • Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir) has the following contraindication(s): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Patients with moderate or severe hepatic impairment [decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B or C)] ○ Organic anion transporting polypeptides 1B1/3 (OATP1B1/3) inhibitors, strong CYP3A inducers, and efavirenz ○ If Zepatier is administered with ribavirin, the contraindications to ribavirin also apply
Risk of Hepatitis B infection reactivation with HCV Direct Acting Antivirals(10)	<p>In October of 2016, the FDA issued a safety alert concerning risk of reactivation of hepatitis B viral (HBV) infection in patients treated with HCV direct acting antivirals (DAA). At the time of the alert, the FDA had identified 24 cases of HBV infection reactivation in patients who had been treated with an HCV DAA. In a few of these cases, the HBV reactivation resulted in serious liver problems or death. As a result, the FDA has required labeling for all HCV DAAs to include a boxed warning for HBV infection reactivation. In addition, the FDA has recommended that all patients be screened for evidence of current or prior HBV infection before starting treatment with HCV DAAs and be monitored for HBV reactivation during and after treatment with an HCV DAA.</p>

REFERENCES

Number	Reference
1	Epclusa prescribing information. Gilead. April 2022.
2	Harvoni prescribing information. Gilead. March 2020.

Number	Reference
3	Mavyret prescribing information. AbbVie. September 2021.
4	Sovaldi prescribing information. Gilead. March 2020.
5	Viekira Pak prescribing information. Abbvie Inc. December 2019.
6	Vosevi prescribing information. Gilead. November 2019.
7	Zepatier prescribing information. Merck. May 2022.
8	AASLD/IDSA HCV Guidance: Recommendations for Testing, Managing, and Testing Hepatitis C. Available at www.hcvguidelines.org .
9	The center for Disease Control and Prevention. Viral Hepatitis Statistics and Surveillance. Available at http://www.cdc.gov/hepatitis/statistics .
10	Direct-Acting Antivirals for Hepatitis C: FDA Drug Safety Communication-Risk of Hepatitis B Reactivation. Available at: http://www.fda.gov/Safety/MedWatch/SafetyInformation/SafetyAlertsforHumanMedicalProducts/ucm523690.htm
11	AASLD/IDSA HCV Guidance: Unique and Key populations – HCV in children. https://www.hcvguidelines.org/unique-populations/children .
12	AASLD-IDSA Hepatitis C Guidance Panel. Hepatitis C Guidance 2019 Update: American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases Society of America Recommendations for Testing, Managing, and Treating Hepatitis C Virus Infection. Hepatology, Vol. 71, No.2, 2020.

POLICY AGENT SUMMARY PRIOR AUTHORIZATION

Target Brand Agent(s)	Target Generic Agent(s)	Strength	Targeted MSC	Available MSC	Final Age Limit	Preferred Status
Zepatier	elbasvir-grazoprevir tab	50-100 MG	M ; N ; O ; Y	N		
Mavyret	glecaprevir-pibrentasvir pellet pack ; glecaprevir-pibrentasvir tab	100-40 MG ; 50-20 MG	M ; N ; O ; Y	N		
Harvoni	ledipasvir-sofosbuvir pellet pack ; ledipasvir-sofosbuvir tab	33.75-150 MG ; 45-200 MG ; 90-400 MG	M ; N ; O ; Y	M ; N		
Viekira pak	ombitas-paritapre-riton & dasab tab pak	12.5-75-50 & 250 MG	M ; N ; O ; Y	N		
Sovaldi	sofosbuvir pellet pack ; sofosbuvir tab	150 MG ; 200 MG ; 400 MG	M ; N ; O ; Y	N		
Epclusa	sofosbuvir-velpatasvir pellet pack ; sofosbuvir-velpatasvir tab	150-37.5 MG ; 200-50 MG ; 400-100 MG	M ; N ; O ; Y	M ; N		
Vosevi	sofosbuvir-velpatasvir-voxilaprevir tab	400-100-100 MG	M ; N ; O ; Y	N		

POLICY AGENT SUMMARY QUANTITY LIMIT

Target Brand Agent Name(s)	Target Generic Agent Name(s)	Strength	QL Amount	Dose Form	Day Supply	Duration	Addtl QL Info	Allowed Exceptions	Targeted NDCs When Exclusions Exist
Epclusa	sofosbuvir-velpatasvir pellet pack	150-37.5 MG ; 200-50 MG	28	Packets	28	DAYS			

Target Brand Agent Name(s)	Target Generic Agent Name(s)	Strength	QL Amount	Dose Form	Day Supply	Duration	Addtl QL Info	Allowed Exceptions	Targeted NDCs When Exclusions Exist
Epclusa	sofosbuvir-velpatasvir tab	200-50 MG ; 400-100 MG	28	Tablets	28	DAYS			
Harvoni	ledipasvir-sofosbuvir pellet pack	33.75-150 MG ; 45-200 MG	28	Packets	28	DAYS			
Harvoni	ledipasvir-sofosbuvir tab	45-200 MG ; 90-400 MG	28	Tablets	28	DAYS			
Mavyret	glecaprevir-pibrentasvir pellet pack	50-20 MG	140	Packets	28	DAYS			
Mavyret	glecaprevir-pibrentasvir pellet pack	50-20 MG	150	Packets	30	DAYS			
Mavyret	glecaprevir-pibrentasvir tab	100-40 MG	90	Tablets	30	DAYS			
Sovaldi	sofosbuvir pellet pack	150 MG ; 200 MG	28	Packs	28	DAYS			
Sovaldi	sofosbuvir tab	200 MG ; 400 MG	30	Tablets	30	DAYS			
Viekira pak	ombitas-paritapre-riton & dasab tab pak	12.5-75-50 & 250 MG	1	Pack	28	DAYS			
Vosevi	sofosbuvir-velpatasvir-voxilaprevir tab	400-100-100 MG	30	Tablets	30	DAYS			
Zepatier	elbasvir-grazoprevir tab	50-100 MG	30	Tablets	30	DAYS			

CLIENT SUMMARY – PRIOR AUTHORIZATION

Target Brand Agent Name(s)	Target Generic Agent Name(s)	Strength	Client Formulary
Epclusa	sofosbuvir-velpatasvir pellet pack ; sofosbuvir-velpatasvir tab	150-37.5 MG ; 200-50 MG ; 400-100 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM
Harvoni	ledipasvir-sofosbuvir pellet pack ; ledipasvir-sofosbuvir tab	33.75-150 MG ; 45-200 MG ; 90-400 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM
Mavyret	glecaprevir-pibrentasvir pellet pack ; glecaprevir-pibrentasvir tab	100-40 MG ; 50-20 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM
Sovaldi	sofosbuvir pellet pack ; sofosbuvir tab	150 MG ; 200 MG ; 400 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM
Viekira pak	ombitas-paritapre-riton & dasab tab pak	12.5-75-50 & 250 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM

Target Brand Agent Name(s)	Target Generic Agent Name(s)	Strength	Client Formulary
Vosevi	sofosbuvir-velpatasvir-voxilaprevir tab	400-100-100 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM
Zepatier	elbasvir-grazoprevir tab	50-100 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM

CLIENT SUMMARY – QUANTITY LIMITS

Target Brand Agent Name(s)	Target Generic Agent Name(s)	Strength	Client Formulary
Epclusa	sofosbuvir-velpatasvir pellet pack	150-37.5 MG ; 200-50 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM
Epclusa	sofosbuvir-velpatasvir tab	200-50 MG ; 400-100 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM
Harvoni	ledipasvir-sofosbuvir pellet pack	33.75-150 MG ; 45-200 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM
Harvoni	ledipasvir-sofosbuvir tab	45-200 MG ; 90-400 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM
Mavyret	glecaprevir-pibrentasvir pellet pack	50-20 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM
Mavyret	glecaprevir-pibrentasvir pellet pack	50-20 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM
Mavyret	glecaprevir-pibrentasvir tab	100-40 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM
Sovaldi	sofosbuvir pellet pack	150 MG ; 200 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM
Sovaldi	sofosbuvir tab	200 MG ; 400 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM
Viekira pak	ombitas-paritapre-riton & dasab tab pak	12.5-75-50 &250 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM
Vosevi	sofosbuvir-velpatasvir-voxilaprevir tab	400-100-100 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM
Zepatier	elbasvir-grazoprevir tab	50-100 MG	Accord Core ; Accord Enhanced ; Accord

Target Brand Agent Name(s)	Target Generic Agent Name(s)	Strength	Client Formulary
			Standard ; Choice NetR-A ; Choice NetR-F ; Choice NetR-HIM

PREFERRED AGENTS

Disease State	Disease Name	Drug Name	Preferred Level	# of Prereq Necessary	Required Prereq Levels	Required Preferred Level 1 Agent	Required Preferred Age Limit	Required Preferred Age Limit Units
Hepatitis C								
Hepatitis C	Genotype 1	Sovaldi (Sovaldi is non-preferred for patients without hepatocellular carcinoma.), Viekira PAK, Zepatier	Non-Preferred					
Hepatitis C	Genotype 1	Epclusa, Harvoni, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir, Sofosbuvir/Velpat asvir, Mavyret, Vosevi	Preferred					
Hepatitis C	Genotype 2	Sovaldi (Sovaldi is non-preferred for patients without hepatocellular carcinoma.)	Non-Preferred					
Hepatitis C	Genotype 2	Epclusa, Sofosbuvir/Velpat asvir, Mavyret, Vosevi	Preferred					
Hepatitis C	Genotype 3	Epclusa, Sofosbuvir/Velpat asvir, Mavyret, Vosevi	Preferred					
Hepatitis C	Genotype 4	Sovaldi (Sovaldi is non-preferred for patients without hepatocellular carcinoma.), Zepatier	Non-Preferred					
Hepatitis C	Genotype 4	Epclusa, Harvoni, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir, Sofosbuvir/Velpat asvir, Mavyret, Vosevi	Preferred					
Hepatitis C	Genotype 5	Epclusa, Harvoni, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir, Sofosbuvir/Velpat asvir, Mavyret, Vosevi	Preferred					
Hepatitis C	Genotype 6	Epclusa, Harvoni, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir, Sofosbuvir/Velpat asvir, Mavyret, Vosevi	Preferred					
Hepatitis C								
Hepatitis C	Genotype 3	Sovaldi (- Sovaldi is non-preferred for patients without hepatocellular carcinoma.)	Non-Preferred					

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CLINICAL CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval		
Epclusa and Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir	Evaluation		
	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Applicable Formulary
	Genotype 1		
	Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 1 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Viekira PAK (ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ri tonavir + dasabuvir) Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir)	
	Genotype 2		
	Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 2 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)	
Genotype 3			
Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 3 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)		
Genotype 4			
Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 4 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir)		
Genotype 5			
Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir)	Genotype 5		

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval		
	Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)		
	Genotype 6 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 6	
<p>Target Agent(s) will be approved when ALL of the following are met:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The patient has a diagnosis of hepatitis C genotype 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 AND 2. ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The patient is treatment naïve OR B. The patient was previously treated (i.e., treatment experienced) with ONLY peg-interferon and ribavirin with or without an HCV protease inhibitor OR C. The patient has decompensated cirrhosis AND 3. If the patient has an FDA approved indication, ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The patient’s age is within FDA labeling for the requested indication for the requested agent OR B. The prescriber has provided information supporting the use of the requested agent for the patient’s age for the requested indication AND 4. The prescriber has screened the patient for current or prior hepatitis B viral (HBV) infection AND 5. If the screening for HBV was positive for current or prior HBV infection, the prescriber will monitor the patient for HBV flare-up or reactivation during and after treatment with the requested agent AND 6. If the client has preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment), then ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The requested agent is a preferred agent for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) OR B. Information has been provided that indicates the patient has been treated with the requested non-preferred agent in the past 30 days OR C. The patient has an intolerance or hypersensitivity to ALL of the preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) OR D. The patient has an FDA labeled contraindication to ALL of the preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) OR E. The prescriber has provided clinical information supporting the use of the requested non-preferred agent over the preferred agent(s) AND 7. ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The prescriber is a specialist in the area of the patient’s diagnosis (e.g., gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or infectious disease) or has consulted with a specialist in the area of the patient’s diagnosis OR B. ALL of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The patient is treatment naïve AND 2. The patient does NOT have cirrhosis or has compensated cirrhosis AND 3. The requested agent is supported in AASLD guidelines for simplified treatment AND 			

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval												
	<p data-bbox="505 180 1370 268">4. The patient meets all of the qualifications for AASLD guidelines simplified treatment (please see Patients Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment tables below) AND</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="237 306 1128 604"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="237 306 1128 373">Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="237 373 1128 604"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="237 611 1128 1171"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="237 611 1128 678">Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="237 678 1128 1171"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7) • Does NOT have end-stage renal disease (i.e., eGFR less than 30 mL/min/m²) • HBsAg negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="315 1213 1417 1444">8. The patient does NOT have any FDA labeled contraindications to the requested agent AND 9. The patient meets all requirements and will use the requested agent in a treatment regimen noted in Table 1 (FDA labeling) or 2 (AASLD/IDSA guidelines for decompensated cirrhosis) AND 10. The requested length of therapy does NOT exceed the length of therapy noted in Table 1 (FDA labeling) or 2 (AASLD/IDSA guidelines for decompensated cirrhosis) for the patient's treatment regimen</p> <p data-bbox="267 1482 1312 1514">Length of approval: Up to the duration of treatment as determined in Tables 1 or 2.</p> <p data-bbox="267 1549 1062 1581">NOTE: If Quantity Limit Applies, please see Quantity Limit criteria</p> <p data-bbox="232 1650 1403 1709">Table 1: Eplusa or Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Treatment Recommendations based on FDA labeling</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="237 1709 1128 1959"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="237 1709 456 1803">Genotype</th> <th data-bbox="456 1709 683 1803">Patients 3 years of age and older*</th> <th data-bbox="683 1709 907 1803">Treatment</th> <th data-bbox="907 1709 1128 1803">Duration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="237 1803 456 1959">1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6</td> <td data-bbox="456 1803 683 1959">Patients without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)</td> <td data-bbox="683 1803 907 1959">Eplusa, Sofosbuvir/Velpat asvir</td> <td data-bbox="907 1803 1128 1959">12 weeks</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation 	Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7) • Does NOT have end-stage renal disease (i.e., eGFR less than 30 mL/min/m²) • HBsAg negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation 	Genotype	Patients 3 years of age and older*	Treatment	Duration	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Patients without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Eplusa, Sofosbuvir/Velpat asvir	12 weeks
Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment													
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation 													
Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment													
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7) • Does NOT have end-stage renal disease (i.e., eGFR less than 30 mL/min/m²) • HBsAg negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation 													
Genotype	Patients 3 years of age and older*	Treatment	Duration										
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Patients without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Eplusa, Sofosbuvir/Velpat asvir	12 weeks										

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval			
	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Patients with decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B and C)	Epclusa + ribavirin, Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir + ribavirin	12 weeks
*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendation in table above				
Table 2: Epclusa or Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Decompensated Cirrhosis Treatment Recommendations based on AASLD/IDSA Guidelines for unique populations				
Genotype	Patient Population*	Treatment	Duration	
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Patients with decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B and C) who are ribavirin ineligible (i.e., patients with history of intolerance, contraindication, or hypersensitivity to ribavirin)	Epclusa, Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir	24 weeks	
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Patients with decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B and C) in whom prior sofosbuvir- or NS5A inhibitor (e.g., daclatasvir, elbasvir, ledipasvir, ombitasvir, velpatasvir) - based treatment failed	Epclusa with weight-based ribavirin (low initial dose of ribavirin [600 mg] is recommended for patients with Child-Turcotte-Pugh class C cirrhosis), Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir with weight-based ribavirin (low initial dose of ribavirin [600 mg] is recommended for patients with Child-Turcotte-Pugh class C cirrhosis)	24 weeks	
*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendation in table above				
Harvoni and Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir	Evaluation			
Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Applicable Formulary		
Genotype 1	Genotype 1			
Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni	Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Viekira PAK (ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ri			

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval	
	(ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	tonavir + dasabuvir) Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir)
	Genotype 2 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 2 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)
	Genotype 3 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 3 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)
	Genotype 4 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 4 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir)
	Genotype 5 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 5
	Genotype 6 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Harvoni	Genotype 6

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval	
	(ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	
<p>Target Agent(s) will be approved when ALL of the following are met:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The patient has a diagnosis of hepatitis C genotype 1, 4, 5, or 6 AND 2. The prescriber has provided the patient’s baseline HCV RNA level if the patient has genotype 1 AND 3. ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The patient is treatment naïve OR B. The patient was previously treated (i.e., treatment experienced) with peg-interferon and ribavirin with or without an HCV protease inhibitor OR C. The patient has decompensated cirrhosis AND 4. The prescriber has screened the patient for current or prior hepatitis B viral (HBV) infection AND 5. If the screening for HBV was positive for current or prior HBV infection, the prescriber will monitor the patient for HBV flare-up or reactivation during and after treatment with the requested agent AND 6. If the patient has an FDA approved indication, ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The patient’s age is within FDA labeling for the requested indication for the requested agent OR B. The prescriber has provided information in support of using the requested agent for the patient’s age for the requested indication AND 7. If the client has preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment), then ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The requested agent is a preferred agent for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) OR B. Information has been provided that indicates the patient has been treated with the requested non-preferred agent in the past 30 days OR C. The patient has an intolerance or hypersensitivity to ALL of the preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) OR D. The patient has an FDA labeled contraindication to ALL of the preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) OR E. The prescriber has provided clinical information supporting the use of the requested non-preferred agent over the preferred agent(s) AND 8. ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The prescriber is a specialist in the area of the patient’s diagnosis (e.g., gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or infectious disease) or has consulted with a specialist in the area of the patient’s diagnosis OR B. ALL of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The patient is treatment naïve AND 2. The patient does NOT have cirrhosis or has compensated cirrhosis AND 3. The requested agent is supported in AASLD guidelines for simplified treatment AND 4. The patient meets all of the qualifications for AASLD guidelines simplified treatment (please see Patients Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment tables below) AND 		

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval								
	<div data-bbox="235 184 1128 478"> <p>Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation </div> <div data-bbox="235 485 1128 1052"> <p>Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7) • Does NOT have end-stage renal disease (i.e., eGFR less than 30 mL/min/m²) • HBsAg negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation </div> <p data-bbox="316 1094 1393 1150">9. The patient does NOT have any FDA labeled contraindications to the requested agent AND</p> <p data-bbox="316 1152 1372 1241">10. The patient meets all requirements and will use the requested agent in a treatment regimen noted in Table 3 (FDA labeling) or 4 (AASLD/IDSA guidelines for decompensated cirrhosis) AND</p> <p data-bbox="316 1243 1414 1331">11. The requested length of therapy does NOT exceed the length of therapy noted in Table 3 (FDA labeling) or 4 (AASLD/IDSA guidelines for decompensated cirrhosis) for the patient’s treatment regimen</p> <p data-bbox="267 1360 1300 1394">Length of approval: Up to the duration of treatment as determined in Table 3 or 4.</p> <p data-bbox="267 1428 1060 1461">NOTE: If Quantity Limit applies, please see Quantity Limit criteria</p> <p data-bbox="235 1528 1393 1591">Table 3: Harvoni or Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Treatment Recommendations based on FDA labeling</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="235 1591 1128 1955"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="235 1591 451 1686">Genotype</th> <th data-bbox="451 1591 683 1686">Patients 3 years of age and older*</th> <th data-bbox="683 1591 906 1686">Treatment</th> <th data-bbox="906 1591 1128 1686">Duration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 1686 451 1955">1</td> <td data-bbox="451 1686 683 1955">Treatment-naïve with initial viral load of less than 6 M IU/mL and without cirrhosis, HIV infection, history of liver transplantation and/or are not</td> <td data-bbox="683 1686 906 1955">Harvoni, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir</td> <td data-bbox="906 1686 1128 1955">8 weeks NOTE approve 8 weeks length of therapy ONLY if prescriber is requesting 8 weeks of therapy</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Genotype	Patients 3 years of age and older*	Treatment	Duration	1	Treatment-naïve with initial viral load of less than 6 M IU/mL and without cirrhosis, HIV infection, history of liver transplantation and/or are not	Harvoni, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir	8 weeks NOTE approve 8 weeks length of therapy ONLY if prescriber is requesting 8 weeks of therapy
Genotype	Patients 3 years of age and older*	Treatment	Duration						
1	Treatment-naïve with initial viral load of less than 6 M IU/mL and without cirrhosis, HIV infection, history of liver transplantation and/or are not	Harvoni, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir	8 weeks NOTE approve 8 weeks length of therapy ONLY if prescriber is requesting 8 weeks of therapy						

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval			
		black or African-American		
1		Treatment-naïve without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Harvoni, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir	12 weeks
1		Treatment-experienced (i.e., patients who have failed therapy with either peg-interferon + ribavirin +/- an HCV protease inhibitor [e.g., boceprevir, paritaprevir, simeprevir, telaprevir]) without cirrhosis	Harvoni, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir	12 weeks
1		Treatment-experienced (i.e., patients who have failed therapy with either peg-interferon + ribavirin +/- an HCV protease inhibitor [e.g., boceprevir, paritaprevir, simeprevir, telaprevir]) with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A) and eligible for ribavirin	Harvoni + ribavirin, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir + ribavirin	12 weeks
1		Treatment-experienced (i.e., patients who have failed therapy with either peg-interferon + ribavirin +/- an HCV protease inhibitor [e.g., boceprevir, paritaprevir, simeprevir, telaprevir]) with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A) and ineligible for ribavirin (i.e.,	Harvoni, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir	24 weeks

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval			
		patients with a history of intolerance, contraindication, or hypersensitivity to ribavirin)		
1		Treatment-naïve and treatment-experienced (i.e., patients who have failed therapy with either peg-interferon + ribavirin +/- an HCV protease inhibitor [e.g., boceprevir, paritaprevir, simeprevir, telaprevir]) with decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B or C)	Harvoni + ribavirin, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir + ribavirin	12 weeks
1 or 4		Treatment-naïve and treatment-experienced (i.e., patients who have failed therapy with either peg-interferon + ribavirin +/- an HCV protease inhibitor [e.g., boceprevir, paritaprevir, simeprevir, telaprevir]) liver transplant recipients without cirrhosis, or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Harvoni + ribavirin, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir + ribavirin	12 weeks
4, 5, or 6		Treatment-naïve and treatment-experienced (i.e., patients who have failed therapy with either peg-interferon + ribavirin +/- an HCV protease inhibitor [e.g., boceprevir, paritaprevir, simeprevir,	Harvoni, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir	12 weeks

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval		
		telaprevir]) without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child- Turcotte-Pugh A)	
*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendation in table above			
Table 4: Harvoni or Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Decompensated Cirrhosis Treatment Recommendations based on AASLD Guidelines for unique populations			
Genotype	Patients 3 years of age and older*	Treatment	Duration
1, 4, 5, or 6	Patients with decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B or C) AND are ribavirin ineligible (i.e., patients with history of intolerance, contraindication, or hypersensitivity to ribavirin)	Harvoni, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir	24 weeks
1, 4, 5, or 6	Patients with decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B or C) previously treated with sofosbuvir-based treatment failure	Harvoni + low initial dose of ribavirin (600 mg); increase as tolerated, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir + low initial dose of ribavirin (600 mg); increase as tolerated	24 weeks
*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendations in table above			
Mavyret	Evaluation		
Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Applicable Formulary	
Genotype 1 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir)	Genotype 1 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Viekira PAK (ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir + dasabuvir) Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir)		
Genotype 2	Genotype 2 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)		

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval	
	Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir)	
	Genotype 3 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir)	Genotype 3 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)
	Genotype 4 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir)	Genotype 4 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir)
	Genotype 5 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir)	Genotype 5
	Genotype 6 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir)	Genotype 6

Target Agent(s) will be approved when ALL of the following are met:

1. The patient has a diagnosis of hepatitis C genotype 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 **AND**
2. If the patient has an FDA approved indication, ONE of the following:
 - A. The patient’s age is within FDA labeling for the requested indication for the requested agent **OR**
 - B. The prescriber has provided information supporting the use of the requested agent for the patient’s age for the requested indication **AND**
3. The prescriber has screened the patient for current or prior hepatitis B viral (HBV) infection **AND**
4. If the screening for HBV was positive for current or prior HBV infection, the prescriber will monitor the patient for HBV flare-up or reactivation during and after treatment with the requested agent **AND**
5. If the client has preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment), then ONE of the following:
 - A. The requested agent is a preferred agent for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) **OR**
 - B. Information has been provided that indicates the patient has been treated with the requested non-preferred agent in the past 30 days **OR**
 - C. The patient has an intolerance or hypersensitivity to ALL of the preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) **OR**
 - D. The patient has an FDA labeled contraindication to ALL of the preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) **OR**
 - E. The prescriber has provided clinical information supporting the use of the requested non-preferred agent over the preferred agent(s) **AND**
6. ONE of the following:
 - A. The prescriber is a specialist in the area of the patient’s diagnosis (e.g., gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or infectious disease) or has consulted with a specialist in the area of the patient’s diagnosis **OR**
 - B. ALL of the following:
 1. The patient is treatment naïve **AND**
 2. The patient does NOT have cirrhosis or has compensated cirrhosis **AND**
 3. The requested agent is supported in AASLD guidelines for simplified treatment **AND**
 4. The patient meets all of the qualifications for AASLD guidelines simplified treatment (please see Patients Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment tables below) **AND**

Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative NOT currently pregnant No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma No prior liver transplantation
Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites,

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval																		
	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p>hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Does NOT have end-stage renal disease (i.e., eGFR less than 30 mL/min/m²) HBsAg negative NOT currently pregnant No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma No prior liver transplantation </div> <p>7. The patient has not been previously treated with the requested agent AND</p> <p>8. The patient does NOT have any FDA labeled contraindications to the requested agent AND</p> <p>9. The patient meets all requirements and will use the requested agent will in a treatment regimen noted in Table 5 (FDA labeling) AND</p> <p>10. The requested length of therapy does NOT exceed the length of therapy noted in Table 5 (FDA labeling) for the patient's treatment regimen</p> <p>Length of approval: Up to the duration of treatment as determined in Table 5.</p> <p>NOTE: If Quantity Limit applies, please see Quantity Limit criteria</p> <p>Table 5: Mavyret Treatment Recommendations based on FDA labeling</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="232 1045 1128 1963"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="232 1045 414 1255">Genotype</th> <th data-bbox="414 1045 592 1255">Patient Population - adults and pediatric patients 3 years of age and older*†</th> <th data-bbox="592 1045 771 1255">Treatment</th> <th data-bbox="771 1045 950 1255">Duration - No Cirrhosis</th> <th data-bbox="950 1045 1128 1255">Duration - Compensated Cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="232 1255 414 1381">1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6</td> <td data-bbox="414 1255 592 1381">Liver or kidney transplant recipients</td> <td data-bbox="592 1255 771 1381">Mavyret</td> <td data-bbox="771 1255 950 1381">12 weeks</td> <td data-bbox="950 1255 1128 1381">12 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="232 1381 414 1963">1</td> <td data-bbox="414 1381 592 1963">Liver or kidney transplant recipients who are treatment experienced with an NS5A inhibitor (e.g., daclatasvir, elbasvir, ledipasvir, ombitasvir, velpatasvir) but without prior treatment with an NS3/4A</td> <td data-bbox="592 1381 771 1963">Mavyret</td> <td data-bbox="771 1381 950 1963">16 weeks</td> <td data-bbox="950 1381 1128 1963">16 weeks</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Genotype	Patient Population - adults and pediatric patients 3 years of age and older*†	Treatment	Duration - No Cirrhosis	Duration - Compensated Cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Liver or kidney transplant recipients	Mavyret	12 weeks	12 weeks	1	Liver or kidney transplant recipients who are treatment experienced with an NS5A inhibitor (e.g., daclatasvir, elbasvir, ledipasvir, ombitasvir, velpatasvir) but without prior treatment with an NS3/4A	Mavyret	16 weeks	16 weeks
Genotype	Patient Population - adults and pediatric patients 3 years of age and older*†	Treatment	Duration - No Cirrhosis	Duration - Compensated Cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)															
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Liver or kidney transplant recipients	Mavyret	12 weeks	12 weeks															
1	Liver or kidney transplant recipients who are treatment experienced with an NS5A inhibitor (e.g., daclatasvir, elbasvir, ledipasvir, ombitasvir, velpatasvir) but without prior treatment with an NS3/4A	Mavyret	16 weeks	16 weeks															

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval				
		protease inhibitor (PI)			
	3	Liver or kidney transplant recipients who are treatment experienced with PRS (i.e., Prior treatment experience with regimens containing interferon, pegylated interferon, ribavirin, and/or sofosbuvir, but no prior treatment experience with an HCV NS3/4A PI or NS5A inhibitor)	Mavyret	16 weeks	16 weeks
	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Treatment naïve	Mavyret	8 weeks	8 weeks
	1	Treatment experienced with an NS5A inhibitor (e.g., daclatasvir, elbasvir, ledipasvir, ombitasvir, velpatasvir) but without prior treatment with an NS3/4A protease inhibitor (PI)	Mavyret	16 weeks	16 weeks
	1	Treatment experienced with an NS3/4A protease inhibitor (e.g., simeprevir, boceprevir, telaprevir) but without prior treatment with an NS5A inhibitor	Mavyret	12 weeks	12 weeks

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval										
	1, 2, 4, 5, or 6	Treatment experienced with PRS (i.e., Prior treatment experience with regimens containing interferon, pegylated interferon, ribavirin, and/or sofosbuvir, but no prior treatment experience with an HCV NS3/4A PI or NS5A inhibitor)	Mavyret	8 weeks	12 weeks						
	3	Treatment experienced with PRS (i.e., Prior treatment experience with regimens containing interferon, pegylated interferon, ribavirin, and/or sofosbuvir, but no prior treatment experience with an HCV NS3/4A PI or NS5A inhibitor)	Mavyret	16 weeks	16 weeks						
	<p>*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendations in the table above</p> <p>+ Patients with any degree of kidney impairment (including those on hemodialysis), follow recommendations in the table above</p>										
Sovaldi	<p>Evaluation</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="232 1719 1227 1976"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="232 1719 566 1759">Preferred Agents</th> <th data-bbox="566 1719 899 1759">Non-Preferred Agents</th> <th data-bbox="899 1719 1227 1759">Applicable Formulary</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="232 1759 566 1976"> Genotype 1 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir </td> <td data-bbox="566 1759 899 1976"> Genotype 1 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Viekira PAK (ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir + dasabuvir) </td> <td data-bbox="899 1759 1227 1976"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Applicable Formulary	Genotype 1 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir	Genotype 1 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Viekira PAK (ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir + dasabuvir)	
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Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval	
	Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir)
	Genotype 2 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 2 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)
	Genotype 3 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 3 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)
	Genotype 4 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 4 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir)
	Genotype 5 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 5
	Genotype 6 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir	Genotype 6

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval	
	Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	
<p>Target Agent(s) will be approved when ALL of the following are met:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The patient is a pediatric patient with a diagnosis of hepatocellular carcinoma secondary to chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 AND if the patient has an FDA approved indication, ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The patient's age is within FDA labeling for the requested agent for the requested indication OR 2. The prescriber has provided information in support of using the requested agent for the patient's age for the requested indication OR B. The patient is a pediatric patient with a diagnosis of hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 AND ALL of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If the patient has an FDA approved indication, ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The patient's age is within FDA labeling for the requested agent for the requested indication OR B. The prescriber has provided information in support of using the requested agent for the patient's age for the requested indication AND 2. ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The patient has an intolerance or hypersensitivity to BOTH Epclusa and Mavyret OR B. The patient has an FDA labeled contraindication to BOTH Epclusa and Mavyret OR C. The prescriber has provided information supporting the use of the requested agent over BOTH Epclusa and Mavyret (e.g., the patient is currently taking the requested agent) AND 3. ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The patient is treatment naïve OR B. The patient was previously treated (i.e., treatment experienced) with ONLY peg-interferon and ribavirin OR C. The patient is an adult and has a diagnosis of hepatocellular carcinoma secondary to chronic hepatitis C genotype 1, 2, 3, or 4 OR D. The patient is an adult with a diagnosis of hepatitis C genotype 1, 2, 3, or 4 AND BOTH of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The patient is treatment naïve OR B. The patient was previously treated (i.e., treatment experienced) with ONLY peg-interferon and ribavirin AND 2. If the client has preferred agent(s) for the patient's specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment), then ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. Information has been provided that indicates the patient has been treated with the requested non-preferred agent in the past 30 days OR B. The patient has an intolerance or hypersensitivity to ALL of the preferred agent(s) for the patient's specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) OR C. The patient has an FDA labeled contraindication to ALL of the preferred agent(s) for the patient's specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) OR 		

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval				
	<p data-bbox="581 180 1386 268">D. The prescriber has provided clinical information supporting the use of the requested non-preferred agent over the preferred agent(s) AND</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="332 268 1370 323">2. The prescriber has screened the patient for current or prior hepatitis B viral (HBV) infection AND <li data-bbox="332 323 1382 411">3. If the HBV screening was positive for current or prior HBV infection, the prescriber will monitor the patient for HBV flare-up or reactivation during and after treatment with the requested agent AND <li data-bbox="332 411 1386 789">4. ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="406 443 1386 531">A. The prescriber is a specialist in the area of the patient’s diagnosis (e.g., gastroenterologist, hepatologist, infectious disease) or has consulted with a specialist in the area of the patient’s diagnosis OR <li data-bbox="406 531 1386 789">B. ALL of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="524 562 1003 590">1. The patient is treatment naive AND <li data-bbox="524 590 1370 644">2. The patient does NOT have cirrhosis or has compensated cirrhosis AND <li data-bbox="524 644 1386 699">3. The requested agent is supported in AASLD guidelines for simplified treatment AND <li data-bbox="524 699 1386 789">4. The patient meets all the qualifications for AASLD guidelines simplified treatment (please see Patients Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment tables below) AND <table border="1" data-bbox="237 831 1130 1119"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="237 831 1130 898">Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="237 898 1130 1119"> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="573 905 1052 959">A. Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative <li data-bbox="573 959 906 987">B. NOT currently pregnant <li data-bbox="573 987 1081 1041">C. No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma <li data-bbox="573 1041 971 1068">D. No prior liver transplantation </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="237 1125 1130 1671"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="237 1125 1130 1192">Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="237 1192 1130 1671"> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="573 1199 1117 1423">E. Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7) <li data-bbox="573 1423 1089 1478">F. Does NOT have end-stage renal disease (i.e., eGFR less than 30 mL/min/m²) <li data-bbox="573 1478 813 1505">G. HBsAg negative <li data-bbox="573 1505 906 1533">H. NOT currently pregnant <li data-bbox="573 1533 1081 1587">I. No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma <li data-bbox="573 1587 971 1614">J. No prior liver transplantation </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="332 1713 1409 1768">5. The patient does NOT have any FDA labeled contraindications to the requested agent AND <li data-bbox="332 1768 1305 1822">6. The patient meets all requirements and will use the requested agent will in a treatment regimen noted in Table 6 or 7 (FDA labeling) AND <li data-bbox="332 1822 1354 1877">7. The requested length of therapy does NOT exceed the length of therapy noted in Table 6 or 7 (FDA labeling) for the patient’s treatment regimen <p data-bbox="269 1923 1292 1950">Length of approval: Up to the duration of treatment as determined in Table 6 or 7.</p>	Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="573 905 1052 959">A. Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative <li data-bbox="573 959 906 987">B. NOT currently pregnant <li data-bbox="573 987 1081 1041">C. No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma <li data-bbox="573 1041 971 1068">D. No prior liver transplantation 	Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="573 1199 1117 1423">E. Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7) <li data-bbox="573 1423 1089 1478">F. Does NOT have end-stage renal disease (i.e., eGFR less than 30 mL/min/m²) <li data-bbox="573 1478 813 1505">G. HBsAg negative <li data-bbox="573 1505 906 1533">H. NOT currently pregnant <li data-bbox="573 1533 1081 1587">I. No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma <li data-bbox="573 1587 971 1614">J. No prior liver transplantation
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Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval			
Table 6: Sovaldi Treatment Recommendations in Adult Patients with Genotype 1, 2, 3, or 4 Based on FDA Labeling				
	Genotype	Patient population*	Treatment	Duration
1 or 4		Treatment naïve without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Sovaldi + Peg-interferon alfa + ribavirin	12 weeks
1		<p>Treatment naïve without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A) and are interferon ineligible defined as one or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intolerance to interferon • Autoimmune hepatitis and other autoimmune disorders • Hypersensitivity to PEG interferon or any of its components • Decompensated hepatic disease • Major uncontrolled depressive illness • A baseline neutrophil count below 1500/μL • A baseline platelet count below 90,000/μL • A baseline hemoglobin below 10 g/dL • A history of preexisting 	Sovaldi + ribavirin	24 weeks

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		cardiac disease)		
2	Treatment naïve or treatment experienced (i.e., patients who have failed an interferon based regimen with or without ribavirin) without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)		Sovaldi + ribavirin	12 weeks
3	Treatment naïve or treatment experienced (i.e., patients who have failed an interferon based regimen with or without ribavirin) without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)		Sovaldi + ribavirin	24 weeks
1-4	With hepatocellular carcinoma awaiting liver transplantation		Sovaldi + ribavirin	Up to 48 weeks

*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendations in table above

Table 7: Sovaldi and Ribavirin with or without Peg-interferon Treatment Recommendations for Pediatric Patients 3 Years of Age and Older Based on FDA Labeling

Genotype	Patient population*	Treatment	Duration
2	Treatment naïve and treatment experienced (i.e., patients who have failed an interferon-based regimen with or without ribavirin) without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Sovaldi + ribavirin	12 weeks
3	Treatment naïve and treatment experienced (i.e., patients who have failed an interferon-based regimen with or	Sovaldi + ribavirin	24 weeks

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval			
		without ribavirin) without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child- Turcotte-Pugh A)		
	2 or 3	Pediatric patients with hepatocellular carcinoma awaiting liver transplantation	Sovaldi + ribavirin	48 weeks
*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendations in table above				

Viekira Pak	Evaluation		
	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Applicable Formulary
	Genotype 1		
	Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 1 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Viekira PAK (ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ri tonavir + dasabuvir) Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir)	
	Genotype 2		
	Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 2 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)	
Genotype 3			
Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 3 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)		
Genotype 4			
Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir	Genotype 4 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir)		

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval	
	Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	
	Genotype 5 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 5
	Genotype 6 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 6

Target Agent(s) will be approved when ALL of the following are met:

1. The patient has a diagnosis of hepatitis C genotype 1 **AND**
2. The prescriber has provided the patient's subtype **AND**
3. ONE of the following:
 - A. The patient is treatment naïve **OR**
 - B. The patient was previously treated (i.e. treatment experienced) with ONLY peg-interferon and ribavirin **AND**
4. If the patient has an FDA approved indication, ONE of the following:
 - A. The patient's age is within FDA labeling for the requested indication for the requested agent **OR**
 - B. The prescriber has provided information supporting the use of the requested agent for the patient's age for the requested indication **AND**
5. The prescriber has screened the patient for current or prior hepatitis B viral (HBV) infection **AND**
6. If the screening for HBV was positive for current or prior HBV infection, the prescriber will monitor the patient for HBV flare-up or reactivation during and after treatment with the requested agent **AND**
7. If the client has preferred agent(s) for the patient's specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment), then ONE of the following:
 - A. Information has been provided that indicates the patient has been treated with the requested non-preferred agent in the past 30 days **OR**
 - B. The patient has an intolerance or hypersensitivity to ALL of the preferred agent(s) for the patient's specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) **OR**

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval				
	<p>C. The patient has an FDA labeled contraindication to ALL of the preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) OR</p> <p>D. The prescriber has provided clinical information supporting the use of the requested non-preferred agent over the preferred agent(s) AND</p> <p>8. ONE of the following:</p> <p>A. The prescriber is a specialist in the area of the patient’s diagnosis (e.g., gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or infectious disease) or has consulted with a specialist in the area of the patient’s diagnosis OR</p> <p>B. ALL of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The patient is treatment naïve AND 2. The patient does NOT have cirrhosis or has compensated cirrhosis AND 3. The requested agent is supported in AASLD guidelines for simplified treatment AND 4. The patient meets all the qualifications for AASLD guidelines simplified treatment (please see Patients Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment tables below) AND <table border="1" data-bbox="235 709 1128 1010"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="235 709 1128 779">Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 779 1128 1010"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="235 1010 1128 1581"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="235 1010 1128 1079">Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 1079 1128 1581"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7) • Does NOT have end-stage renal disease (i.e., eGFR less than 30 mL/min/m²) • HBsAg negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>9. The patient does NOT have any FDA labeled contraindications to the requested agent AND</p> <p>10. The patient meets all requirements and will use the requested agent in a treatment regimen noted in Table 8 (FDA labeling) AND</p> <p>11. The requested length of therapy does NOT exceed the length of therapy noted in Table 8 (FDA labeling) for the patient’s treatment regimen</p> <p>Length of approval: Up to the duration as determined in Table 8.</p> <p>NOTE: If Quantity Limit applies, please see Quantity Limit criteria</p>	Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation 	Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7) • Does NOT have end-stage renal disease (i.e., eGFR less than 30 mL/min/m²) • HBsAg negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation
Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation 					
Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7) • Does NOT have end-stage renal disease (i.e., eGFR less than 30 mL/min/m²) • HBsAg negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation 					

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval																							
	<p>Table 8: Viekira PAK Treatment Recommendations based on FDA labeling:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="235 247 1128 783"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="235 247 456 310">Genotype</th> <th data-bbox="456 247 683 310">Patient Population*</th> <th data-bbox="683 247 906 310">Treatment</th> <th data-bbox="906 247 1128 310">Duration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 310 456 380">1a</td> <td data-bbox="456 310 683 380">Without cirrhosis</td> <td data-bbox="683 310 906 380">Viekira PAK + ribavirin</td> <td data-bbox="906 310 1128 380">12 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 380 456 478">1a</td> <td data-bbox="456 380 683 478">With compensated cirrhosis</td> <td data-bbox="683 380 906 478">Viekira PAK + ribavirin</td> <td data-bbox="906 380 1128 478">24 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 478 456 577">1b</td> <td data-bbox="456 478 683 577">With or without compensated cirrhosis</td> <td data-bbox="683 478 906 577">Viekira PAK</td> <td data-bbox="906 478 1128 577">12 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 577 456 783">1a or 1b</td> <td data-bbox="456 577 683 783">Post liver transplant with normal hepatic function (i.e., Metavir less than or equal to 2)</td> <td data-bbox="683 577 906 783">Viekira PAK + ribavirin</td> <td data-bbox="906 577 1128 783">24 weeks</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="235 783 1019 814">*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendations in table above</p>				Genotype	Patient Population*	Treatment	Duration	1a	Without cirrhosis	Viekira PAK + ribavirin	12 weeks	1a	With compensated cirrhosis	Viekira PAK + ribavirin	24 weeks	1b	With or without compensated cirrhosis	Viekira PAK	12 weeks	1a or 1b	Post liver transplant with normal hepatic function (i.e., Metavir less than or equal to 2)	Viekira PAK + ribavirin	24 weeks
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Vosevi	<p>Evaluation</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="235 955 1230 1942"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="235 955 565 997">Preferred Agents</th> <th data-bbox="565 955 899 997">Non-Preferred Agents</th> <th data-bbox="899 955 1230 997">Applicable Formulary</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 997 565 1388"> <p>Genotype 1</p> <p>Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir)</p> </td> <td data-bbox="565 997 899 1388"> <p>Genotype 1</p> <p>Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Viekira PAK (ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir + dasabuvir) Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir)</p> </td> <td data-bbox="899 997 1230 1388"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 1388 565 1696"> <p>Genotype 2</p> <p>Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir)</p> </td> <td data-bbox="565 1388 899 1696"> <p>Genotype 2</p> <p>Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)</p> </td> <td data-bbox="899 1388 1230 1696"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 1696 565 1942"> <p>Genotype 3</p> <p>Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi</p> </td> <td data-bbox="565 1696 899 1942"> <p>Genotype 3</p> <p>Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)</p> </td> <td data-bbox="899 1696 1230 1942"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Applicable Formulary	<p>Genotype 1</p> <p>Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir)</p>	<p>Genotype 1</p> <p>Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Viekira PAK (ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir + dasabuvir) Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir)</p>		<p>Genotype 2</p> <p>Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir)</p>	<p>Genotype 2</p> <p>Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)</p>		<p>Genotype 3</p> <p>Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi</p>	<p>Genotype 3</p> <p>Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)</p>									
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Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval	
	(sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	
	Genotype 4 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 4 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir)
	Genotype 5 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 5
	Genotype 6 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 6
<p>Target Agent(s) will be approved when ALL of the following are met:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The patient has a diagnosis of hepatitis C genotype 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 AND 2. If genotype 1, the prescriber has provided the patient’s subtype AND 3. The patient is NOT treatment naïve AND 4. The patient has NOT been previously treated with the requested agent AND 5. If the patient has an FDA approved indication, ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The patient’s age is within FDA labeling for the requested indication for the requested agent OR B. The prescriber has provided information supporting the use of the requested agent for the patient’s age for the requested indication AND 6. The prescriber has screened the patient for current or prior hepatitis B viral (HBV) infection AND 7. If the screening for HBV was positive for current or prior HBV infection, the prescriber will monitor the patient for HBV flare-up or reactivation during and after treatment with the requested agent AND 		

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval				
	<p>8. If the client has preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment), then ONE of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. Information has been provided that indicates the patient has been treated with the requested non-preferred agent in the past 30 days OR B. The patient has an intolerance or hypersensitivity to ALL of the preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) OR C. The patient has an FDA labeled contraindication to ALL of the preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) OR D. The prescriber has provided clinical information supporting the use of the requested non-preferred agent over the preferred agent(s) AND <p>9. ONE of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. The prescriber is a specialist in the area of the patient’s diagnosis (e.g., gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or infectious disease) or has consulted with a specialist in the area of the patient’s diagnosis OR B. ALL of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The patient is treatment naïve AND 2. The patient does NOT have cirrhosis or has compensated cirrhosis AND 3. The requested agent is supported in AASLD guidelines for simplified treatment AND 4. The patient meets all the qualifications for AASLD guidelines simplified treatment (please see Patients Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment tables below) AND <table border="1" data-bbox="237 974 1128 1272"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="237 974 1128 1041">Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="237 1041 1128 1272"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="237 1276 1128 1843"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="237 1276 1128 1344">Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="237 1344 1128 1843"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7) • Does NOT have end-stage renal disease (i.e., eGFR less than 30 mL/min/m²) • HBsAg negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>10. The patient does NOT have any FDA labeled contraindications to the requested agent AND</p>	Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation 	Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7) • Does NOT have end-stage renal disease (i.e., eGFR less than 30 mL/min/m²) • HBsAg negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation
Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation 					
Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7) • Does NOT have end-stage renal disease (i.e., eGFR less than 30 mL/min/m²) • HBsAg negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation 					

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval												
	<p>11. The patient meets all requirements and will use the requested agent in a treatment regimen noted in Table 9 AND</p> <p>12. The requested length of therapy does NOT exceed the length of therapy noted in Table 9 (FDA labeling) for the patient's regimen</p> <p>Length of approval: Up to the duration of treatment as determined in Table 9.</p> <p>NOTE: If Quantity Limit applies, please see Quantity Limit criteria</p> <p>Table 9: Vosevi Treatment Recommendations based on FDA labeling</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="235 535 1128 1024"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="235 535 457 688">Genotype</th> <th data-bbox="457 535 683 688">Patient Population*</th> <th data-bbox="683 535 906 688">Patients Previously Treated with an HCV Regimen containing:</th> <th data-bbox="906 535 1128 688">Duration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 688 457 871">1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6</td> <td data-bbox="457 688 683 871">Without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)</td> <td data-bbox="683 688 906 871">An NS5A inhibitor (e.g., daclatasvir, elbasvir, ledipasvir, ombitasvir, velpatasvir)</td> <td data-bbox="906 688 1128 871">12 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 871 457 1024">1a or 3</td> <td data-bbox="457 871 683 1024">Without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)</td> <td data-bbox="683 871 906 1024">Sofosbuvir without an NS5A inhibitor+</td> <td data-bbox="906 871 1128 1024">12 weeks</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendations in table above + - Sofosbuvir with or without any of the following: peginterferon alfa/ribavirin, ribavirin, HCV NS3/4A protease inhibitor (simeprevir)</p>	Genotype	Patient Population*	Patients Previously Treated with an HCV Regimen containing:	Duration	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	An NS5A inhibitor (e.g., daclatasvir, elbasvir, ledipasvir, ombitasvir, velpatasvir)	12 weeks	1a or 3	Without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Sofosbuvir without an NS5A inhibitor+	12 weeks
Genotype	Patient Population*	Patients Previously Treated with an HCV Regimen containing:	Duration										
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1a or 3	Without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Sofosbuvir without an NS5A inhibitor+	12 weeks										
Zepatier	<p>Evaluation</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="235 1291 1226 1963"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="235 1291 565 1327">Preferred Agents</th> <th data-bbox="565 1291 899 1327">Non-Preferred Agents</th> <th data-bbox="899 1291 1226 1327">Applicable Formulary</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 1327 565 1724"> Genotype 1 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir) </td> <td data-bbox="565 1327 899 1724"> Genotype 1 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Viekira PAK (ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir + dasabuvir) Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir) </td> <td data-bbox="899 1327 1226 1724"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 1724 565 1963"> Genotype 2 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi </td> <td data-bbox="565 1724 899 1963"> Genotype 2 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) </td> <td data-bbox="899 1724 1226 1963"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Applicable Formulary	Genotype 1 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir)	Genotype 1 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Viekira PAK (ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir + dasabuvir) Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir)		Genotype 2 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi	Genotype 2 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)				
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Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval	
	(sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	
Genotype 3 Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)	Genotype 3 Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)	
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<p>Target Agent(s) will be approved when ALL of the following are met:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The patient has a diagnosis of hepatitis C genotype 1 or 4 AND 2. BOTH of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. If genotype 1, the prescriber has provided the patient's subtype AND B. If the subtype 1a, the prescriber has tested the patient for NS5A polymorphisms AND 		

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval				
	<p>3. ONE of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. The patient is treatment naïve OR B. The patient was previously treated (i.e., treatment experienced) with ONLY peg-interferon and ribavirin with or without an HCV protease inhibitor AND <p>4. If the patient has an FDA approved indication, ONE of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. The patient’s age is within FDA labeling for the requested indication for the requested agent OR B. The prescriber has provided information supporting the use of the requested agent for the patient’s age for the requested indication AND <p>5. The prescriber has screened the patient for current or prior hepatitis B viral (HBV) infection AND</p> <p>6. If the screening for HBV was positive for current or prior HBV infection, the prescriber will monitor the patient for HBV flare-up or reactivation during and after treatment with the requested agent AND</p> <p>7. If the client has preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment), then ONE of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. Information has been provided indicating that the patient has been treated with the requested non-preferred agent in the past 30 days OR B. The patient has an intolerance or hypersensitivity to ALL of the preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) OR C. The patient has FDA labeled contraindication to ALL of the preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) OR D. The prescriber has provided clinical information supporting the use of the requested non-preferred agent over the preferred agent(s) AND <p>8. ONE of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. The prescriber is a specialist in the area of the patient’s diagnosis (e.g., gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or infectious disease) or has consulted with a specialist in the area of the patient’s diagnosis OR B. ALL of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The patient is treatment naïve AND 2. The patient does NOT have cirrhosis or has compensated cirrhosis AND 3. The requested agent is supported in AASLD guidelines for simplified treatment AND 4. The patient meets all the qualifications for AASLD guidelines simplified treatment (please see Patients Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment tables below) AND <table border="1" data-bbox="235 1350 1128 1963" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="235 1350 1128 1417" style="text-align: left;">Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 1417 1128 1654"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation </td> </tr> <tr> <th data-bbox="235 1654 1128 1722" style="text-align: left;">Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment</th> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 1722 1128 1963"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7) </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation 	Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7)
Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation 					
Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7) 					

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval																												
	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Does NOT have end-stage renal disease (i.e., eGFR less than 30 mL/min/m²) HBsAg negative NOT currently pregnant No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma No prior liver transplantation </div> <p>9. The patient does NOT have any FDA labeled contraindications to the requested agent AND</p> <p>10. The patient meets all requirements and will use the requested agent in a treatment regimen noted in Table 10 (FDA labeling) AND</p> <p>11. The requested length of therapy does NOT exceed the length of therapy noted in Table 10 (FDA labeling) for the patient's treatment regimen</p> <p>Length of approval: Up to the duration of treatment as determined in Table 10</p> <p>NOTE: If Quantity Limit applies, please see Quantity Limit criteria</p> <p>Table 10: Zepatier Treatment Recommendations based on FDA labeling</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="235 898 1128 1770"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="235 898 456 961">Genotype</th> <th data-bbox="456 898 683 961">Patient Population*</th> <th data-bbox="683 898 906 961">Treatment</th> <th data-bbox="906 898 1128 961">Duration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 961 456 1234">1a</td> <td data-bbox="456 961 683 1234">Treatment-naïve or PegIFN/RBV-experienced <u>without</u> baseline NS5A polymorphisms at amino acid positions 28, 30, 31, or 93</td> <td data-bbox="683 961 906 1234">Zepatier</td> <td data-bbox="906 961 1128 1234">12 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 1234 456 1476">1a</td> <td data-bbox="456 1234 683 1476">Treatment-naïve or PegIFN/RBV-experienced <u>with</u> baseline NS5A polymorphisms at amino acid positions 28, 30, 31, or 93</td> <td data-bbox="683 1234 906 1476">Zepatier + ribavirin</td> <td data-bbox="906 1234 1128 1476">16 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 1476 456 1570">1b</td> <td data-bbox="456 1476 683 1570">Treatment-naïve or PegIFN/RBV-experienced</td> <td data-bbox="683 1476 906 1570">Zepatier</td> <td data-bbox="906 1476 1128 1570">12 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 1570 456 1665">1a or 1b</td> <td data-bbox="456 1570 683 1665">PegIFN/RBV/protase inhibitor-experienced</td> <td data-bbox="683 1570 906 1665">Zepatier + ribavirin</td> <td data-bbox="906 1570 1128 1665">12 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 1665 456 1707">4</td> <td data-bbox="456 1665 683 1707">Treatment-naïve</td> <td data-bbox="683 1665 906 1707">Zepatier</td> <td data-bbox="906 1665 1128 1707">12 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 1707 456 1770">4</td> <td data-bbox="456 1707 683 1770">PegIFN/RBV-experienced</td> <td data-bbox="683 1707 906 1770">Zepatier + ribavirin</td> <td data-bbox="906 1707 1128 1770">16 weeks</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow dosage recommendations in the table above</p>	Genotype	Patient Population*	Treatment	Duration	1a	Treatment-naïve or PegIFN/RBV-experienced <u>without</u> baseline NS5A polymorphisms at amino acid positions 28, 30, 31, or 93	Zepatier	12 weeks	1a	Treatment-naïve or PegIFN/RBV-experienced <u>with</u> baseline NS5A polymorphisms at amino acid positions 28, 30, 31, or 93	Zepatier + ribavirin	16 weeks	1b	Treatment-naïve or PegIFN/RBV-experienced	Zepatier	12 weeks	1a or 1b	PegIFN/RBV/protase inhibitor-experienced	Zepatier + ribavirin	12 weeks	4	Treatment-naïve	Zepatier	12 weeks	4	PegIFN/RBV-experienced	Zepatier + ribavirin	16 weeks
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4	Treatment-naïve	Zepatier	12 weeks																										
4	PegIFN/RBV-experienced	Zepatier + ribavirin	16 weeks																										
ZZZ New to Market Hepatitis C Agents	<p>Evaluation</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="235 1942 1230 1982"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="235 1942 565 1982">Preferred Agents</th> <th data-bbox="565 1942 894 1982">Non-Preferred Agents</th> <th data-bbox="894 1942 1230 1982">Applicable Formulary</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="height: 20px;"></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Applicable Formulary																									
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Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval		
	<p>Genotype 1</p> <p>Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)</p>	<p>Genotype 1</p> <p>Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Viekira PAK (ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ri tonavir + dasabuvir) Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir)</p>	
	<p>Genotype 2</p> <p>Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)</p>	<p>Genotype 2</p> <p>Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)</p>	
	<p>Genotype 3</p> <p>Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)</p>	<p>Genotype 3</p> <p>Sovaldi (sofosbuvir)</p>	
	<p>Genotype 4</p> <p>Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)</p>	<p>Genotype 4</p> <p>Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) Zepatier (elbasvir/grazoprevir)</p>	
	<p>Genotype 5</p> <p>Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpa tasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/vo xilaprevir)</p>	<p>Genotype 5</p>	

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval			
	<p>Genotype 6</p> <p>Epclusa (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) Harvoni (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Mavyret (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) Vosevi (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/xilaprevir)</p>	<p>Genotype 6</p>		
<p>Target Agent(s) will be approved when ALL of the following are met:</p>				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The patient has an FDA approved diagnosis for the requested agent AND 2. The requested agent is FDA approved for treatment of the patient’s genotype AND 3. If the patient has an FDA approved indication, ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The patient’s age is within FDA labeling for the requested indication for the requested agent OR B. The prescriber has provided information supporting the use of the requested agent for the patient’s age for the requested indication AND 4. If FDA labeling for the requested agent requires patients are tested for hepatitis B viral (HBV) infection prior to starting treatment with the requested agent BOTH of the following <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The prescriber has screened the patient for current or prior HBV AND B. If the HBV screening was positive for current or prior HBV infection, the prescriber will monitor the patient for HBV flare-up or reactivation during and after treatment with the requested agent AND 5. The patient does NOT have any FDA labeled contraindications to the requested agent AND 6. ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The prescriber is a specialist in the area of the patient’s diagnosis (e.g., gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or infectious disease) or has consulted with a specialist in the area of the patient’s diagnosis OR B. ALL of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The patient is treatment naive AND 2. The patient does NOT have cirrhosis or has compensated cirrhosis AND 3. The requested agent is supported in AASLD guidelines for simplified treatment AND 4. The patient meets all the qualifications for AASLD guidelines simplified treatment (please see Patients Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment tables below) AND 				
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="228 1535 1417 1570">Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="228 1570 1417 1801"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Patients Without Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation
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<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="228 1808 1417 1875">Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="228 1875 1417 1971"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP)
Patients With Compensated Cirrhosis Who Qualify for Simplified Treatment				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patient has NOT had current or prior episode of decompensated cirrhosis, defined as Child-Turcotte-Pugh (CTP) 				

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval																																				
	<p style="text-align: center;">score greater than or equal to 7 (ascites, hepatic encephalopathy, total bilirubin greater than 2.0 mg/dL, albumin less than or equal to 3.5 g/dL, or INR greater than or equal to 1.7)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Does NOT have end-stage renal disease (i.e., eGFR less than 30 mL/min/m²) • HBsAg negative • NOT currently pregnant • No known or suspected hepatocellular carcinoma • No prior liver transplantation <p>7. If the client has preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment), then ONE of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The requested agent is a preferred agent for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) OR B. Information has been provided indicating that the patient has been treated with the requested non-preferred agent in the past 30 days OR C. The patient has an intolerance or hypersensitivity to ALL of the preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) OR D. The patient has an FDA labeled contraindication to ALL of the preferred agent(s) for the patient’s specific factors (e.g., age, genotype, cirrhosis status, treatment naïve vs treatment experienced, previous treatment) OR E. The prescriber has provided clinical information supporting the use of the requested non-preferred agent over the preferred agent(s) AND <p>8. The patient meets all requirements and will use the requested agent in a treatment regimen noted in Table 11 (FDA labeling) AND</p> <p>9. The requested length of therapy does NOT exceed the length of therapy noted in Table 11 (FDA labeling) for the patient’s treatment regimen</p> <p>Length of approval: Up to the duration of treatment as determined in Table 11.</p> <p>NOTE: If Quantity Limit Applies, please see Quantity Limit criteria</p> <p>Table 11: Treatment Recommendations based on FDA labeling</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="235 1449 1128 1738"> <thead> <tr> <th>Agent(s)</th> <th>FDA approved indication (s)</th> <th>Genotype</th> <th>Treatment Regimen</th> <th>FDA labeled dose</th> <th>Duration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Agent(s)	FDA approved indication (s)	Genotype	Treatment Regimen	FDA labeled dose	Duration																														
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[QUANTITY LIMIT CLINICAL CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL](#)

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval																				
Epclusa and Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir	<p>Quantity Limit for the Requested Agent(s) will be approved when BOTH of the following are met:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The requested length of therapy does NOT exceed the length of therapy noted in Table 1 (FDA labeling) or 2 (AASLD/IDSA guidelines for decompensated cirrhosis) for the patient’s treatment regimen AND 2. ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed the program quantity limit OR B. The requested quantity (dose) exceeds the program quantity limit AND ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The requested agent is Epclusa 200 mg/50 mg packets AND BOTH of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed 2 packets per day AND B. The prescriber has provided information supporting why the patient cannot take 1 tablet of the 400 mg/100 mg tablet OR 2. The requested agent is Epclusa 200 mg/50 mg tablet AND BOTH of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed 2 tablets per day AND B. The prescriber has provided information supporting why the patient cannot take 1 tablet of the 400 mg/100mg tablet <p>Length of approval: Up to the duration of treatment as determined in Tables 1 or 2.</p> <p>Table 1: Epclusa or Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Treatment Recommendations based on FDA labeling</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="233 1024 1227 1400"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="233 1024 483 1094">Genotype</th> <th data-bbox="483 1024 734 1094">Patients 3 years of age and older*</th> <th data-bbox="734 1024 984 1094">Treatment</th> <th data-bbox="984 1024 1227 1094">Duration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="233 1094 483 1247">1,2, 3, 4, 5, or 6</td> <td data-bbox="483 1094 734 1247">Patients without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)</td> <td data-bbox="734 1094 984 1247">Epclusa, Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir</td> <td data-bbox="984 1094 1227 1247">12 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="233 1247 483 1400">1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6</td> <td data-bbox="483 1247 734 1400">Patients with decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B and C)</td> <td data-bbox="734 1247 984 1400">Epclusa + ribavirin, Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir + ribavirin</td> <td data-bbox="984 1247 1227 1400">12 weeks</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="233 1400 1019 1432">*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendations in table above</p> <p>Table 2: Epclusa or Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir Decompensated Cirrhosis Treatment Recommendations based on AASLD/IDSA Guidelines for Unique populations</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="233 1528 1227 1955"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="233 1528 483 1598">Genotype</th> <th data-bbox="483 1528 734 1598">Patient population*</th> <th data-bbox="734 1528 984 1598">Treatment</th> <th data-bbox="984 1528 1227 1598">Duration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="233 1598 483 1955">1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6</td> <td data-bbox="483 1598 734 1955">Patients with decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B and C) who are ribavirin ineligible (i.e., patients with history of intolerance, contraindication, or hypersensitivity to ribavirin)</td> <td data-bbox="734 1598 984 1955">Epclusa, Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir</td> <td data-bbox="984 1598 1227 1955">24 weeks</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Genotype	Patients 3 years of age and older*	Treatment	Duration	1,2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Patients without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Epclusa, Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir	12 weeks	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Patients with decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B and C)	Epclusa + ribavirin, Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir + ribavirin	12 weeks	Genotype	Patient population*	Treatment	Duration	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Patients with decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B and C) who are ribavirin ineligible (i.e., patients with history of intolerance, contraindication, or hypersensitivity to ribavirin)	Epclusa, Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir	24 weeks
Genotype	Patients 3 years of age and older*	Treatment	Duration																		
1,2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Patients without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Epclusa, Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir	12 weeks																		
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Patients with decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B and C)	Epclusa + ribavirin, Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir + ribavirin	12 weeks																		
Genotype	Patient population*	Treatment	Duration																		
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Patients with decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B and C) who are ribavirin ineligible (i.e., patients with history of intolerance, contraindication, or hypersensitivity to ribavirin)	Epclusa, Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir	24 weeks																		

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval			
	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Patients with decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B and C) in whom prior sofosbuvir- or NS5A inhibitor (e.g., daclatasvir, elbasvir, ledipasvir, ombitasvir, velpatasvir) -based treatment failed	Epclusa with weight-based ribavirin (low initial dose of ribavirin [600 mg] is recommended for patients with Child-Turcotte-Pugh class C cirrhosis), Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir with weight-based ribavirin (low initial dose of ribavirin [600 mg] is recommended for patients with Child-Turcotte-Pugh class C cirrhosis)	24 weeks

*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendations in table above

Harvoni and Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir

Quantity Limit for the Requested Agent(s) will be approved when BOTH of the following are met:

1. The requested length of therapy does NOT exceed the length of therapy noted in Table 3 (FDA labeling) or 4 (AASLD/IDSA guidelines for decompensated cirrhosis) for the patient's treatment regimen **AND**
2. ONE of the following:
 - A. The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed the program quantity limit **OR**
 - B. The requested quantity (dose) exceeds the program quantity limit **AND ONE** of the following:
 1. The requested agent is Harvoni 45 mg/200 mg oral pellets **AND BOTH** of the following:
 - A. The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed 2 packets daily **AND**
 - B. The prescriber has provided information stating why the patient cannot take 1 tablet of Harvoni 90 mg/400 mg strength **OR**
 2. The requested agent is Harvoni 45 mg/200 mg tablet **AND BOTH** of the following:
 - A. The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed 2 tablets daily **AND**
 - B. The requested quantity (dose) cannot be achieved with a lower quantity of a higher strength that does not exceed the program quantity limit

Length of approval: Up to the duration of treatment as determined in Table 3 or 4.

Table 3: Harvoni or Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Treatment Recommendations based on FDA labeling

Genotype	Patients 3 years of age and older*	Treatment	Treatment Duration
1	Treatment-naïve with initial viral load of less than 6 M IU/mL and without cirrhosis, HIV infection, history of liver	Harvoni, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir	8 weeks NOTE approve 8 weeks length of therapy only if prescriber is requesting 8 weeks of therapy

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval			
		transplantation and/or are not black or African-American		
	1	Treatment-naïve without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Harvoni, Ledipasvir /Sofosbuvir	12 weeks
	1	Treatment-experienced (i.e., patients who have failed therapy with either peg-interferon + ribavirin +/- an HCV protease inhibitor [e.g., boceprevir, paritaprevir, simeprevir, telaprevir]) without cirrhosis	Harvoni, Ledipasvir /Sofosbuvir	12 weeks
	1	Treatment-experienced (i.e., patients who have failed therapy with either peg-interferon + ribavirin +/- an HCV protease inhibitor [e.g., boceprevir, paritaprevir, simeprevir, telaprevir]) with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A) and eligible for ribavirin	Harvoni + ribavirin, Ledipasvir /Sofosbuvir + ribavirin	12 weeks
	1	Treatment-experienced (i.e., patients who have failed therapy with either peg-interferon + ribavirin +/- an HCV protease inhibitor [e.g., boceprevir, paritaprevir, simeprevir, telaprevir]) with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A) and ineligible for ribavirin (i.e., patients with a history of	Harvoni, Ledipasvir /Sofosbuvir	24 weeks

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval			
		intolerance, contraindication, or hypersensitivity to ribavirin)		
1		Treatment-naïve and treatment-experienced (i.e., patients who have failed therapy with either peg-interferon + ribavirin +/- an HCV protease inhibitor [e.g., boceprevir, paritaprevir, simeprevir, telaprevir]) with decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B or C)	Harvoni + ribavirin, Ledipasvir /Sofosbuvir + ribavirin	12 weeks
1 or 4		Treatment-naïve and treatment-experienced (i.e., patients who have failed therapy with either peg-interferon + ribavirin +/- an HCV protease inhibitor [e.g., boceprevir, paritaprevir, simeprevir, telaprevir]) liver transplant recipients without cirrhosis, or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Harvoni + ribavirin, Ledipasvir /Sofosbuvir + ribavirin	12 weeks
4, 5, or 6		Treatment-naïve and treatment-experienced (i.e., patients who have failed therapy with either peg-interferon + ribavirin +/- an HCV protease inhibitor [e.g., boceprevir, paritaprevir, simeprevir, telaprevir]) without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Harvoni, Ledipasvir /Sofosbuvir	12 weeks

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval
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*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendation in table above

Table 4: Harvoni or Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir Decompensated Cirrhosis Treatment Recommendations based on AASLD Guidelines for unique populations

Genotype	Patients 3 years of age and older*	Treatment	Treatment Duration
1, 4, 5, or 6	Patients with decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B or C) AND are ribavirin ineligible (i.e., patients with history of intolerance, contraindication, or hypersensitivity to ribavirin)	Harvoni, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir	24 weeks
1, 4, 5, or 6	Patients with decompensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh B or C) previously treated with sofosbuvir-based treatment failure	Harvoni + low initial dose of ribavirin (600 mg); increase as tolerated, Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir + low initial dose of ribavirin (600 mg); increase as tolerated	24 weeks

Mavyret

Quantity Limit for the Requested Agent(s) will be approved when BOTH of the following are met:

1. The requested length of therapy does NOT exceed the length of therapy noted in Table 5 (FDA labeling) for the patient’s treatment regimen **AND**
2. ONE of the following:
 - A. The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed the program quantity limit **OR**
 - B. The requested quantity (dose) exceeds the program quantity limit AND ALL of the following:
 1. The requested agent is Mavyret 50 mg/20 mg packets **AND**
 2. The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed 6 packets per day **AND**
 3. The prescriber has provided information supporting why the patient cannot take 3 tablets of the 100 mg/40 mg tablet

Length of approval: Up to the duration of treatment as determined in Table 5.

Table 5: Mavyret Treatment Recommendations based on FDA labeling

Genotype	Patient Population - adults and pediatric patients 3 years of age and older*+	Treatment	Duration - No Cirrhosis	Duration - Compensated Cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval				
	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Liver or kidney transplant recipients	Mavyret	12 weeks	12 weeks
	1	Liver or kidney transplant recipients who are treatment experienced with an NS5A inhibitor (e.g., daclatasvir, elbasvir, ledipasvir, ombitasvir, velpatasvir) but without prior treatment with an NS3/4A protease inhibitor (PI)	Mavyret	16 weeks	16 weeks
	3	Liver or kidney transplant recipients who are treatment experienced with PRS (i.e., Prior treatment experience with regimens containing interferon, pegylated interferon, ribavirin, and/or sofosbuvir, but no prior treatment experience with an HCV NS3/4A PI or NS5A inhibitor)	Mavyret	16 weeks	16 weeks
	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Treatment naïve	Mavyret	8 weeks	8 weeks
	1	Treatment experienced with an NS5A inhibitor (e.g., daclatasvir, elbasvir, ledipasvir, ombitasvir, velpatasvir) but without prior treatment with an NS3/4A protease inhibitor (PI)	Mavyret	16 weeks	16 weeks
	1	Treatment experienced	Mavyret	12 weeks	12 weeks

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval				
		with an NS3/4A protease inhibitor (e.g., simeprevir, boceprevir, telaprevir) but without prior treatment with an NS5A inhibitor			
	1, 2, 4, 5, or 6	Treatment experienced with PRS (i.e., Prior treatment experience with regimens containing interferon, pegylated interferon, ribavirin, and/or sofosbuvir, but no prior treatment experience with an HCV NS3/4A PI or NS5A inhibitor)	Mavyret	8 weeks	12 weeks
	3	Treatment experienced with PRS (i.e., Prior treatment experience with regimens containing interferon, pegylated interferon, ribavirin, and/or sofosbuvir, but no prior treatment experience with an HCV NS3/4A PI or NS5A inhibitor)	Mavyret	16 weeks	16 weeks
<p>*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendations in the table above +Patients with any degree of kidney impairment (including those on hemodialysis), follow recommendations in the table above</p>					
Sovaldi	<p>Quantity Limit for the Requested Agent(s) will be approved when BOTH of the following are met:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The requested length of therapy does NOT exceed the length of therapy noted in Table 6 or 7 (FDA labeling) for the patient’s treatment regimen AND 2. ONE of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed the program quantity limit OR B. The requested agent is Sovaldi 200 mg oral pellets AND BOTH of the following: 				

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval		
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed 2 packets daily AND 2. The prescriber has provided information stating why the patient cannot take 1 tablet of Sovaldi 400 mg strength OR <p>c. The requested agent is Sovaldi 200 mg tablets AND BOTH of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed 2 tablets daily AND 2. The requested quantity (dose) cannot be achieved with a lower quantity of a higher strength that does not exceed the program quantity limit <p>Length of approval: Up to the duration of treatment as determined in Table 6 or 7.</p>		
Table 6: Sovaldi Treatment Recommendations in Adult Patients with Genotype 1, 2, 3, or 4 Based on FDA Labeling			
Genotype	Patient population*	Treatment	Duration
1 or 4	Treatment naïve without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Sovaldi + Peg-interferon alfa + ribavirin	12 weeks
1	<p>Treatment naïve without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A) and are interferon ineligible defined as one or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intolerance to interferon • Autoimmune hepatitis and other autoimmune disorders • Hypersensitivity to PEG interferon or any of its components • Decompensated hepatic disease • Major uncontrolled depressive illness • A baseline neutrophil count below 1500/μL 	Sovaldi + ribavirin	24 weeks

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval			
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A baseline platelet count below 90,000/μL • A baseline hemoglobin below 10 g/dL • A history of preexisting cardiac disease) 		
2		Treatment naïve or treatment experienced (i.e., patients who have failed an interferon based regimen with or without ribavirin) without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Sovaldi + ribavirin	12 weeks
3		Treatment naïve or treatment experienced (i.e., patients who have failed an interferon based regimen with or without ribavirin) without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Sovaldi + ribavirin	24 weeks
1-4		With hepatocellular carcinoma awaiting liver transplantation	Sovaldi + ribavirin	Up to 48 weeks
*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendations in table above				
Table 7: Sovaldi and Ribavirin with or without Peg-interferon Treatment Recommendations for Pediatric Patients 3 years of Age and Older Based on FDA labeling				
Genotype	Patient population*	Treatment	Duration	
2	Treatment naïve and treatment experienced (i.e., patients who have failed an interferon based regimen with or without ribavirin) without cirrhosis or with	Sovaldi + ribavirin	12 weeks	

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval																							
		compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)																						
3		Treatment naïve and treatment experienced (i.e., patients who have failed an interferon based regimen with or without ribavirin) without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Sovaldi + ribavirin	24 weeks																				
2 or 3		Pediatric patients with hepatocellular carcinoma awaiting liver transplantation	Sovaldi + ribavirin	48 weeks																				
*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendations in table above																								
Viekira Pak	<p>Quantity Limit for the Requested Agent(s) will be approved when BOTH of the following are met:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The requested length of therapy does NOT exceed the length of therapy noted in Table 8 (FDA labeling) for the patient’s treatment regimen AND 2. The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed the program quantity limit <p>Length of approval: Up to the duration as determined in Table 8.</p> <p>Table 8: Viekira PAK Treatment Recommendations based on FDA labeling</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="228 1199 1227 1675"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="228 1199 483 1266">Genotype</th> <th data-bbox="483 1199 732 1266">Patient Population*</th> <th data-bbox="732 1199 980 1266">Treatment</th> <th data-bbox="980 1199 1227 1266">Duration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="228 1266 483 1333">1a</td> <td data-bbox="483 1266 732 1333">Without cirrhosis</td> <td data-bbox="732 1266 980 1333">Viekira PAK + ribavirin</td> <td data-bbox="980 1266 1227 1333">12 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="228 1333 483 1400">1a</td> <td data-bbox="483 1333 732 1400">With compensated cirrhosis</td> <td data-bbox="732 1333 980 1400">Viekira PAK + ribavirin</td> <td data-bbox="980 1333 1227 1400">24 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="228 1400 483 1493">1b</td> <td data-bbox="483 1400 732 1493">With or without compensated cirrhosis</td> <td data-bbox="732 1400 980 1493">Viekira PAK</td> <td data-bbox="980 1400 1227 1493">12 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="228 1493 483 1675">1a or 1b</td> <td data-bbox="483 1493 732 1675">Post liver transplant with normal hepatic function (i.e., Metavir less than or equal to 2)</td> <td data-bbox="732 1493 980 1675">Viekira PAK + ribavirin</td> <td data-bbox="980 1493 1227 1675">24 weeks</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="228 1675 1421 1711">*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendations in table above</p>				Genotype	Patient Population*	Treatment	Duration	1a	Without cirrhosis	Viekira PAK + ribavirin	12 weeks	1a	With compensated cirrhosis	Viekira PAK + ribavirin	24 weeks	1b	With or without compensated cirrhosis	Viekira PAK	12 weeks	1a or 1b	Post liver transplant with normal hepatic function (i.e., Metavir less than or equal to 2)	Viekira PAK + ribavirin	24 weeks
Genotype	Patient Population*	Treatment	Duration																					
1a	Without cirrhosis	Viekira PAK + ribavirin	12 weeks																					
1a	With compensated cirrhosis	Viekira PAK + ribavirin	24 weeks																					
1b	With or without compensated cirrhosis	Viekira PAK	12 weeks																					
1a or 1b	Post liver transplant with normal hepatic function (i.e., Metavir less than or equal to 2)	Viekira PAK + ribavirin	24 weeks																					
Vosevi	<p>Quantity Limit for the Requested Agent(s) will be approved when BOTH of the following are met:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The requested length of therapy does NOT exceed the length of therapy noted in Table 9 (FDA labeling) for the patient’s regimen AND 2. The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed the program quantity limit 																							

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval																
	<p>Length of approval: Up to the duration of treatment as determined in Table 9.</p> <p>Table 9: Vosevi Treatment Recommendations based on FDA labeling</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="235 315 1227 747"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="235 315 483 470">Genotype</th> <th data-bbox="483 315 732 470">Patient Population*</th> <th data-bbox="732 315 980 470">Patients Previously Treated with an HCV Regimen Containing:</th> <th data-bbox="980 315 1227 470">Duration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 470 483 625">1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6</td> <td data-bbox="483 470 732 625">Without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)</td> <td data-bbox="732 470 980 625">An NS5A inhibitor (e.g., daclatasvir, elbasvir, ledipasvir, ombitasvir, velpatasvir)</td> <td data-bbox="980 470 1227 625">12 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 625 483 747">1a or 3</td> <td data-bbox="483 625 732 747">Without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)</td> <td data-bbox="732 625 980 747">Sofosbuvir without an NS5A inhibitor+</td> <td data-bbox="980 625 1227 747">12 weeks</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow recommendations in table above + - Sofosbuvir with or without any of the following: peginterferon alfa/ribavirin, ribavirin, HCV NS3/4A protease inhibitor (simeprevir)</p>	Genotype	Patient Population*	Patients Previously Treated with an HCV Regimen Containing:	Duration	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	An NS5A inhibitor (e.g., daclatasvir, elbasvir, ledipasvir, ombitasvir, velpatasvir)	12 weeks	1a or 3	Without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Sofosbuvir without an NS5A inhibitor+	12 weeks				
Genotype	Patient Population*	Patients Previously Treated with an HCV Regimen Containing:	Duration														
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6	Without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	An NS5A inhibitor (e.g., daclatasvir, elbasvir, ledipasvir, ombitasvir, velpatasvir)	12 weeks														
1a or 3	Without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis (Child-Turcotte-Pugh A)	Sofosbuvir without an NS5A inhibitor+	12 weeks														
Zepatier	<p>Quantity Limit for the Requested Agent(s) will be approved when BOTH of the following are met:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The requested length of therapy does NOT exceed the length of therapy noted in Table 10 (FDA labeling) for the patient’s treatment regimen AND The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed the program quantity limit <p>Length of approval: Up to the duration of treatment as determined in Table 10.</p> <p>Table 10: Zepatier Treatment Recommendations based on FDA labeling</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="235 1297 1227 1969"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="235 1297 483 1367">Genotype</th> <th data-bbox="483 1297 732 1367">Patient Population*</th> <th data-bbox="732 1297 980 1367">Treatment</th> <th data-bbox="980 1297 1227 1367">Duration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 1367 483 1633">1a</td> <td data-bbox="483 1367 732 1633">Treatment-naïve or PegIFN/RBV-experienced <u>without</u> baseline NS5A polymorphisms at amino acid positions 28, 30, 31, or 93</td> <td data-bbox="732 1367 980 1633">Zepatier</td> <td data-bbox="980 1367 1227 1633">12 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 1633 483 1877">1a</td> <td data-bbox="483 1633 732 1877">Treatment-naïve or PegIFN/RBV-experienced <u>with</u> baseline NS5A polymorphisms at amino acid positions 28, 30, 31, or 93</td> <td data-bbox="732 1633 980 1877">Zepatier + ribavirin</td> <td data-bbox="980 1633 1227 1877">16 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="235 1877 483 1969">1b</td> <td data-bbox="483 1877 732 1969">Treatment-naïve or PegIFN/RBV-experienced</td> <td data-bbox="732 1877 980 1969">Zepatier</td> <td data-bbox="980 1877 1227 1969">12 weeks</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Genotype	Patient Population*	Treatment	Duration	1a	Treatment-naïve or PegIFN/RBV-experienced <u>without</u> baseline NS5A polymorphisms at amino acid positions 28, 30, 31, or 93	Zepatier	12 weeks	1a	Treatment-naïve or PegIFN/RBV-experienced <u>with</u> baseline NS5A polymorphisms at amino acid positions 28, 30, 31, or 93	Zepatier + ribavirin	16 weeks	1b	Treatment-naïve or PegIFN/RBV-experienced	Zepatier	12 weeks
Genotype	Patient Population*	Treatment	Duration														
1a	Treatment-naïve or PegIFN/RBV-experienced <u>without</u> baseline NS5A polymorphisms at amino acid positions 28, 30, 31, or 93	Zepatier	12 weeks														
1a	Treatment-naïve or PegIFN/RBV-experienced <u>with</u> baseline NS5A polymorphisms at amino acid positions 28, 30, 31, or 93	Zepatier + ribavirin	16 weeks														
1b	Treatment-naïve or PegIFN/RBV-experienced	Zepatier	12 weeks														

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval			
	1a or 1b	PegIFN/RBV/protease inhibitor-experienced	Zepatier + ribavirin	12 weeks
	4	Treatment-naive	Zepatier	12 weeks
	4	PegIFN/RBV-experienced	Zepatier + ribavirin	16 weeks
*HCV/HIV-1 co-infection, follow dosage recommendations in the table above				

ZZZ New to Market Hepatitis C Agents

Quantity Limit for the Requested Agent(s) will be approved when BOTH of the following are met:

1. The requested length of therapy does NOT exceed the length of therapy noted in Table 11 (FDA labeling) for the patient’s treatment regimen **AND**
2. ONE of the following:
 - A. The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed the program quantity limit **OR**
 - B. BOTH of the following:
 1. The requested quantity (dose) is greater than the program quantity limit **AND**
 2. The requested quantity (dose) cannot be achieved with a lower quantity of a higher strength that does not exceed the program quantity limit

Length of approval: Up to the duration of treatment as determined in Table 11.

Table 11: Treatment Recommendations based on FDA labeling

Agent(s)	FDA approved indication(s)	Genotype	Treatment Regimen	FDA labeled dose	Treatment Duration

Your health benefit plan may not cover certain prescription drug products or drug categories included in this document. Please consult your benefit plan materials for details about your particular benefit. This document may include drugs that are not included on your plan's formulary. For drug coverage status, please consult your plan's formulary